

# **State of Hawaii Annual Summary 2020 Air Quality Data**



*Kakaako, Hawaii*

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# 2020 Hawaii Air Quality Data

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# Section 1

## INTRODUCTION

The Department of Health, Clean Air Branch, monitors the ambient air in the State of Hawaii for various gaseous and particulate air pollutants. The U. S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has set national ambient air quality standards (NAAQS) for six criteria pollutants: carbon monoxide, nitrogen dioxide, sulfur dioxide, lead, ozone, and particulate matter (PM<sub>10</sub> and PM<sub>2.5</sub>). Hawaii has also established a state ambient air standard for hydrogen sulfide. The primary purpose of the statewide monitoring network is to measure ambient air concentrations of these pollutants and ensure that these air quality standards are met. The stations are maintained and the data are collected by the Air Quality Monitoring Section of the State Laboratories Division.

In addition to monitoring the ambient air for criteria pollutants, the State of Hawaii also participates in the NCore multi pollutant monitoring network; the NCore station in Hawaii is located at the Kapolei monitoring station. The NCore network addresses the following objectives:

- Timely reporting of data to public by supporting AIRNow, air quality forecasting, and other public reporting mechanisms;
- Support for development of emission strategies through air quality model evaluation and other observational methods;
- Accountability of emission strategy progress through tracking long-term trends of criteria and non-criteria pollutants and their precursors;
- Support for long-term health assessments that contribute to ongoing reviews of the NAAQS;
- Compliance through establishing nonattainment/attainment areas through comparison with the NAAQS;
- Support to scientific studies ranging across technological, health, and atmospheric process disciplines;
- Support to ecosystem assessments recognizing that national air quality networks benefit ecosystem assessments and, in turn, benefit from data specifically designed to address ecosystem analyses; and
- PM<sub>2.5</sub> speciation monitoring that EPA determined to be essential for establishing a relationship between particle concentrations and adverse health effects and would provide valuable information in characterizing aerosols, determining the effectiveness of control strategies, and understanding the effects of particle pollution on atmospheric and regional haze.

Air pollution is caused by many different man-made and natural sources. There are industrial sources of pollution, such as power plants and refineries; mobile sources, such as cars, trucks, and buses; agricultural sources, such as agricultural burning; and natural sources, such as windblown dust and volcanic activity. In 2020, for the most part, the state maintained 20 air monitoring stations on 4 islands. Most commercial, industrial, and transportation activities and their associated air quality effects occur on Oahu, where 6 of

the stations are located. The monitoring stations on Maui measure the air quality impacts from commercial, industrial, transportation and agricultural activities. The majority of stations are located on the island of Hawaii to measure air quality impacts from the volcano and geothermal energy production. The monitoring station on Kauai is mainly to measure the air quality impacts from cruise ships. The state's ambient air monitoring network is reviewed annually and relocations, additions and/or discontinuations can occur in the future as the need arises.

This report summarizes the validated air pollutant data collected at the 20 monitoring stations during calendar year 2020. Tabular summaries are provided which compare the measured concentrations of criteria pollutants with federal ambient air quality standards and of hydrogen sulfide with the state standard. The 2020 speciation data is also included in this report. Trend summaries of criteria pollutants parameters are shown graphically.

The Department of Health has a web site that displays near real-time air quality data updated throughout the day from the air monitoring stations. The data has not been reviewed for quality assurance and is subject to change but provides the public with viewing access to current air pollutant and meteorological information. To view this data online, go to <http://health.hawaii.gov/cab> and link to "Hawaii Ambient Air Quality Data."

Additionally, because emissions from the Kilauea volcano may affect communities on the island of Hawaii on a daily basis, the Department of Health has a webpage dedicated to displaying short term SO<sub>2</sub> data from stations located on the island. It provides near real-time 15-minute SO<sub>2</sub> averages and advisory level guidance to help individuals protect themselves against possible health effects. To view this data online, go to <https://air.doh.hawaii.gov/home/text/118>.

To view this entire book as well as books from 2018 and 2019 online, go to: <http://health.hawaii.gov/cab> and link to "Hawaii Air Quality Data Book."

Questions or comments regarding data in this report and other air quality information should be addressed to:

Clean Air Branch	Phone: (808)586-4200
Department of Health	Fax: (808)586-4359
2827 Waimano Home Road #130	
Pearl City, HI, 96782	

The Department of Health provides access to its programs and activities without regard to race, color, national origin (including language), age, sex, religion, or disability. Write our Affirmative Action Officer at P.O. Box 3378, Honolulu, Hawaii 96801-3378, or call (808)586-4616 (voice) within 180 days of a problem.

## Section 2

# DEFINITIONS

<i>98<sup>th</sup> Percentile Value</i>	The PM <sub>2.5</sub> 24-hour average or the maximum daily 1-hour NO <sub>2</sub> average in the year below which 98% of all values fall.
<i>99<sup>th</sup> Percentile Value</i>	The maximum daily 1-hour SO <sub>2</sub> value in the year below which 99% of all values fall.
<i>Ambient Air</i>	The general outdoor atmosphere, external to buildings, to which the general public has access.
<i>Ambient Air Quality Standard</i>	A limit in the quantity and exposure to pollutants dispersed or suspended in the ambient air. Primary standards are set to protect public health, including sensitive populations such as asthmatics, children, and the elderly. Secondary standards are set to protect public welfare including protection against visibility degradation, and damage to animals, crops, vegetation and buildings.
<i>Carbon Monoxide</i>	Carbon monoxide (CO) is a colorless, odorless, tasteless gas under atmospheric conditions. It is produced by the incomplete combustion of carbon fuels with the majority of emissions coming from transportation sources.
<i>CFR</i>	Code of Federal Regulations is the codification of the general and permanent rules published in the Federal Register by the executive departments and agencies of the Federal government. Title 40 is the Protection of the Environment.
<i>Collocated</i>	This is a procedure required for a certain percentage of PM <sub>10</sub> and PM <sub>2.5</sub> samplers in the monitoring network. Collocated samplers determine precision or variation in the PM <sub>10</sub> or PM <sub>2.5</sub> concentration measurements of identical samplers run in the same location under the same sampling conditions.
<i>Criteria Pollutants</i>	These are the six pollutants for which the EPA has established national air quality standards. The pollutants are ozone, carbon monoxide, nitrogen dioxide, sulfur dioxide, lead and particulate matter (PM <sub>10</sub> and PM <sub>2.5</sub> ).
<i>DRR</i>	Data Requirements Rule for 1-hour SO <sub>2</sub> NAAQS.

<i>EPA</i>	The U. S. Environmental Protection Agency; established to protect human health and the natural environment.
<i>Hydrogen Sulfide</i>	Hydrogen sulfide (H <sub>2</sub> S) is a toxic, colorless gas with a characteristic “rotten egg” odor detectable at very low levels. It occurs naturally during the decomposition of organic matter, near geothermal sources and is also produced during certain industrial processes, including wastewater treatment facilities.
<i>Micron</i>	One micron is one millionth of a meter or approximately 1/25,000 of an inch.
<i>µg/m<sup>3</sup></i>	Micrograms per cubic meter. This is the measurement of air quality expressed as mass per unit volume.
<i>NAAQS</i>	National Ambient Air Quality Standards. These are pollutant standards that the EPA has established to protect public health and welfare. NAAQS have been set for carbon monoxide, nitrogen dioxide, PM <sub>10</sub> , PM <sub>2.5</sub> , ozone, sulfur dioxide, and lead. These are commonly referred to as criteria pollutants.
<i>NCore</i>	A multi-pollutant network that integrates several advanced measurement systems for particles, pollutant gases and meteorology. Most NCore stations have been operating since the formal start of the network on January 1, 2011, including Hawaii’s.
<i>Nitrogen Dioxide</i>	Nitrogen dioxide (NO <sub>2</sub> ) is a brownish, highly corrosive gas with a pungent odor. It is formed in the atmosphere from emissions of nitrogen oxides (NO <sub>x</sub> ). Sources of nitrogen oxides include electric utilities, industrial boilers, motor vehicle exhaust and combustion of fossil fuels. NO <sub>2</sub> is also a component in the atmospheric reaction that produces ground-level ozone.
<i>Ozone</i>	Ozone (O <sub>3</sub> ) is the main constituent in photochemical air pollution. It is formed in the atmosphere by a chemical reaction of nitrogen oxides (NO <sub>x</sub> ) and volatile organic compounds (VOCs) in the presence of sunlight. In the upper atmosphere, O <sub>3</sub> shields the earth from harmful ultraviolet radiation; however, at ground level, it can cause harmful effects in humans and plants.



<i>Particulate Matter</i>	This refers to any solid or liquid matter dispersed in the air. Particulate matter (PM) includes dust, soot, smoke, and liquid droplets from sources such as factories, power plants, motor vehicles, construction, agricultural activities, and fires.
<i>PM<sub>10</sub></i>	Particulate matter that is 10 microns or less in aerodynamic diameter. These are considered “coarse” particles, generally from sources such as road and windblown dust, and crushing and grinding operations.
<i>PM<sub>2.5</sub></i>	Particulate matter that is 2.5 microns or less in aerodynamic diameter. Considered “fine” particles, these are generally a result of fuel combustion such as from motor vehicles, utility generation and industrial facilities. Fine particles can also be formed when gases, such as sulfur dioxide and nitrogen dioxide, are chemically transformed into particles.
<i>ppm</i>	Parts per million is one particle in 1,000,000 other particles. It is approximately one drop in 13 gallons.
<i>SLAMS</i>	State and Local Air Monitoring Stations. The Clean Air Act requires that every state establish a network of air monitoring stations for criteria pollutants.
<i>SPM</i>	Special Purpose Monitoring stations. These are stations established to provide data for special studies in support of air program interests and activities. SPM stations supplement the SLAMS network as special circumstances require and adequate resources permit.
<i>Sulfur Dioxide</i>	Sulfur dioxide (SO <sub>2</sub> ) is a colorless gas that easily combines with water vapor forming sulfuric acid. Emissions of sulfur dioxide are largely from sources that burn fossil fuels such as coal and oil. In Hawaii, another possible major source of sulfur dioxide emissions is from any active eruption of Kilauea Volcano on the Big Island.
<i>Vog</i>	Vog is a local term used to express volcanic smog. Vog occurs when volcanic gas and particles combine with air and sunlight to produce atmospheric haze.

## Table 2-1 State and Federal Ambient Air Quality Standards

Sources: State standards HAR §11-59; Federal standards 40 CFR Part 50

Air Pollutant	Averaging Time	Standards		
		Hawaii State Standard	Federal Primary Standard <sup>a</sup>	Federal Secondary Standard <sup>b</sup>
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	1-hour	9 ppm	35 ppm	None
	8-hour	4.4 ppm	9 ppm	
Nitrogen Dioxide (NO <sub>2</sub> )	1-hour	---	0.100 ppm	---
	Annual	0.04 ppm	0.053 ppm	0.053 ppm
PM <sub>10</sub>	24-hour	150 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	150 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	---
	Annual <sup>c</sup>	50 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	---	---
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	24-hour	---	35 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	35 µg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Annual		12 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	15 µg/m <sup>3</sup>
Ozone (O <sub>3</sub> )	8-hour	0.08 ppm	0.070 ppm	0.070 ppm
Sulfur Dioxide (SO <sub>2</sub> )	1-hour	---	0.075 ppm	---
	3-hour	0.5 ppm	---	0.5 ppm
	24-hour	0.14 ppm	---	---
	Annual	0.03 ppm	---	---
Lead (Pb)	Rolling 3-month	1.5 µg/m <sup>3</sup> <sup>d</sup>	0.15 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.15 µg/m <sup>3</sup>
Hydrogen Sulfide	1-hour	0.025 ppm	None	None

<sup>a</sup> **Primary Standards** set limits to protect public health, including the health of “sensitive” populations such as asthmatics, children and the elderly.

<sup>b</sup> **Secondary Standards** set limits to protect public welfare, including protection against decreased visibility, damage to animals, crops, vegetation, and buildings.

<sup>c</sup> Due to a lack of evidence linking health problems to long-term exposure to coarse particle pollution, EPA revoked the annual PM<sub>10</sub> standard effective December 17, 2006. However, the state still has an annual standard.

<sup>d</sup> The state standard is based on calendar quarter.

### Compliance with the National Ambient Air Quality Standards

**CO 1-hour:** May not be exceeded more than once per year.

**CO 8-hour:** May not be exceeded more than once per year.

**NO<sub>2</sub> 1-hour:** The 3-year average of the 98<sup>th</sup> percentile daily maximum 1-hour averages must not exceed the standard.

**NO<sub>2</sub> Annual:** Average of all 1-hour values in the year may not exceed the level of the standard.

**PM<sub>10</sub> 24-hour:** Must not be exceeded more than one day per year, after compensating for days when monitoring did not occur (estimated number of exceedances).

**PM<sub>2.5</sub> 24-hour:** The 3-year average of the 98<sup>th</sup> percentile 24-hour concentrations must not exceed the level of the standard.

**PM<sub>2.5</sub> Annual:** The 3-year average of 24-hour values must not exceed the level of the standard.

**Ozone 8-hour:** The 3-year average of the fourth highest daily maximum value must not exceed the level of the standard.

**SO<sub>2</sub> 1-hour:** The 3-year average of the 99<sup>th</sup> percentile daily maximum 1-hour averages must not exceed the standard.

**SO<sub>2</sub> 3-hour:** Not be exceeded more than once per year.

**SO<sub>2</sub> Annual:** Average of all 1-hour values in the year may not exceed the level of the standard.

**Lead:** Average of all 24-hour values in any rolling 3-month period may not exceed the level of the standard.

## Section 3


# SITE LOCATIONS AND DESCRIPTIONS


**Figure 3-1: Island of Oahu – Air Monitoring Stations**





Station	Name	Location	Pollutants/Parameters Monitored
1	Honolulu	1250 Punchbowl St.	CO, SO <sub>2</sub> , PM <sub>2.5</sub> , PM <sub>10</sub>
2	Sand Island	1039 Sand Island Pkwy.	O <sub>3</sub> , PM <sub>2.5</sub>
3	Pearl City	860 4th St.	PM <sub>2.5</sub> , PM <sub>10</sub>
4	Kapolei / NCore	2052 Lauwiliwili St.	CO, SO <sub>2</sub> , NO <sub>2</sub> / CO trace, SO <sub>2</sub> trace, NO/NO <sub>y</sub> , O <sub>3</sub> , PM <sub>2.5</sub> , PM <sub>2.5</sub> speciation, PM <sub>10</sub> , PM <sub>10-2.5</sub> , WS/WD
5	Kahe	Palehua Road	SO <sub>2</sub>
6	Waiiau	689 Kamehameha Hwy.	SO <sub>2</sub>


The following station descriptions include latitude and longitude in decimal degrees and altitude in meters above mean sea level.


Honolulu (DH)		
	<b>Location:</b>	1250 Punchbowl St., Honolulu
	<b>Latitude:</b>	21.30758
	<b>Longitude:</b>	-157.85542
	<b>Altitude:</b>	20 m
	<b>Parameters:</b>	SO <sub>2</sub> , CO, PM <sub>10</sub> , PM <sub>2.5</sub>
	<b>Established:</b>	February 1971
	<b>Brief Description:</b>	Located in downtown Honolulu on the roof of the Department of Health building, across from the Queen's Medical Center, in a busy commercial, business and government district.

Kapolei (KA)		
	<b>Location:</b>	2052 Lauwiliwili St., Kapolei
	<b>Latitude:</b>	21.32374
	<b>Longitude:</b>	-158.08861
	<b>Altitude:</b>	17.9 m
	<b>Parameters:</b>	SO <sub>2</sub> , CO, NO <sub>2</sub> , PM <sub>10</sub> , PM <sub>2.5</sub> , PM <sub>2.5</sub> speciation, NCore
	<b>Established:</b>	July 2002
	<b>Brief Description:</b>	Located in Kapolei Business Park, southeast of Kapolei Fire Station, next to a drainage canal that separates the park from Barber's Point. Approximately 1.5 miles from Malakole Street in Campbell Industrial Park.

Pearl City (PC)		
	<b>Location:</b>	860 4 <sup>th</sup> St., Pearl City
	<b>Latitude:</b>	21.39283
	<b>Longitude:</b>	-157.96913
	<b>Altitude:</b>	23.1 m
	<b>Parameters:</b>	PM <sub>10</sub> , PM <sub>2.5</sub>
	<b>Established:</b>	May 1979
	<b>Brief Description:</b>	Located on the roof of the Leeward Health Center in a commercial, residential and light industrial area approximately 1.5 miles northwest of the Waiiau power plant and near the Pearl Harbor Naval Complex.

Sand Island (SI)		
	<b>Location:</b>	1039 Sand Island Pkwy., Honolulu
	<b>Latitude:</b>	21.30384
	<b>Longitude:</b>	-157.87117
	<b>Altitude:</b>	5.3 m
	<b>Parameters:</b>	O <sub>3</sub> , PM <sub>2.5</sub>
	<b>Established:</b>	February 1981
	<b>Brief Description:</b>	Located in a light industrial, commercial and recreational area approximately two miles downwind of downtown Honolulu near the entrance to the Sand Island State Recreation Area.

Kahe (KE) (Data Requirements Rule)		
	<b>Location:</b>	Palehua Road, Makakilo
	<b>Latitude:</b>	21.3678
	<b>Longitude:</b>	-158.103
	<b>Altitude:</b>	388 m
	<b>Parameters:</b>	SO <sub>2</sub>
	<b>Established:</b>	January 2017
	<b>Brief Description:</b>	Located on the hillside south of Palehua Road, approximately 2.7 kilometers northeast of the Kahe Generating Station. The area around the station is undeveloped and is currently used for cattle grazing. The city of Makakilo is located to the east and southeast. The areas immediately to the west through north are undeveloped.


Waiau (WI) (Data Requirements Rule)		
	<b>Location:</b>	689 Kamehameha Hwy., Pearl City
	<b>Latitude:</b>	21.3909
	<b>Longitude:</b>	-157.9653
	<b>Altitude:</b>	7 m
	<b>Parameters:</b>	SO <sub>2</sub>
	<b>Established:</b>	January 2017
	<b>Brief Description:</b>	Located in an urban area approximately 400 meters northwest of the Waiau Power Generating Station in Pearl City, Oahu. The station is surrounded by a residential area to the north, the H-1 Freeway from the east to southwest and the business district to the west.


**Figure 3-2: Island of Maui – Air Monitoring Stations**



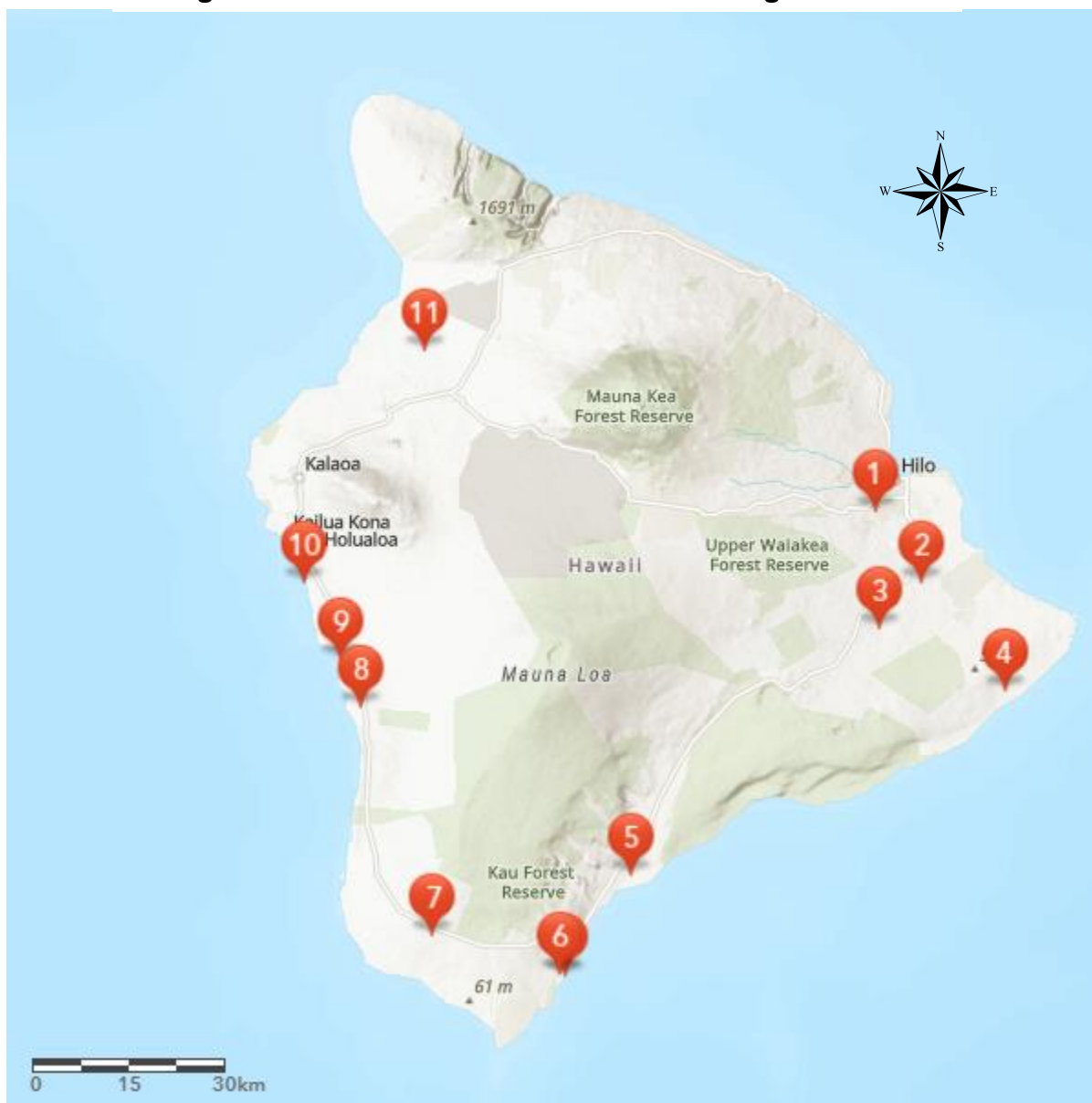
Station		Name	Location	Pollutants Monitored
1		Kihei	Hale Piilani Park	PM <sub>2.5</sub>
2		Kahului	TMK (2)-3-8-007-153	PM <sub>2.5</sub>



Kihei (KH)	
	<b>Location:</b> Hale Piilani Park, Kihei
	<b>Latitude:</b> 20.780997
	<b>Longitude:</b> -156.44637
	<b>Altitude:</b> 46.5 m
	<b>Parameters:</b> PM <sub>2.5</sub>
	<b>Established:</b> February 1999
	<b>Brief Description:</b> Located in a residential community park, next to a recent residential development on what was once agricultural land.


Kahului (KL)	
	<b>Location:</b> TMK (2)-3—8-007-153, Kahului
	<b>Latitude:</b> 20.869444
	<b>Longitude:</b> -156.492417
	<b>Altitude:</b> 55.5 m
	<b>Parameters:</b> PM <sub>2.5</sub>
	<b>Established:</b> January 2016
	<b>Brief Description:</b> Located within a fenced area off of Mauihni Parkway, TMK 2-3-8-007-153. The area is surrounded primarily by residential land.


**Figure 3-3: Island of Hawaii – Air Monitoring Stations**





Station	Name	Location	Pollutants Monitored
1	Hilo	1099 Waianuenue Ave.	SO <sub>2</sub> , PM <sub>2.5</sub>
2	Keeau (temporary)	16-714 Volcano Rd.	SO <sub>2</sub> , PM <sub>2.5</sub>
3	Mountain View	18-1235 Volcano Rd.	SO <sub>2</sub> , PM <sub>2.5</sub>
4	Leilani	13-3441 Moku St.	H <sub>2</sub> S, SO <sub>2</sub>
5	Pahala	96-3150 Pikake St.	SO <sub>2</sub> , PM <sub>2.5</sub>
6	Naalehu-TP/S (temporary)	Naalehu Fire Station/Elem. School	SO <sub>2</sub> , PM <sub>2.5</sub>
7	Ocean View	92-6091 Orchid Mauka Circ.	SO <sub>2</sub> , PM <sub>2.5</sub>
8	Honaunau (temporary)	DWS Keei Well C, Painted Church Rd.	PM <sub>2.5</sub>
9	Kona	81-1043 Konawaena School Rd.	SO <sub>2</sub> , PM <sub>2.5</sub>
10	Kailua-Kona (temporary)	DWS Puapua'a Reservoir	PM <sub>2.5</sub>
11	Waikoloa (temporary)	68-1730 Hooko Street	PM <sub>2.5</sub>





Hilo (HL)	
	<b>Location:</b> 1099 Waianuenue Ave., Hilo
	<b>Latitude:</b> 19.71756
	<b>Longitude:</b> -155.11053
	<b>Altitude:</b> 136.8 m
	<b>Parameters:</b> SO <sub>2</sub> , PM <sub>2.5</sub>
	<b>Established:</b> January 1997
	<b>Brief Description:</b> Located near the Hilo Medical Center, this station was established to monitor vog during “Kona” or southerly wind conditions.


Kona (KN)	
	<b>Location:</b> 81-1043 Konawaena School Rd., Kona
	<b>Latitude:</b> 19.50978
	<b>Longitude:</b> -155.91342
	<b>Altitude:</b> 517.2 m
	<b>Parameters:</b> SO <sub>2</sub> , PM <sub>2.5</sub>
	<b>Established:</b> September 2005
	<b>Brief Description:</b> Located on the upper campus of Konawaena High School, this station monitors for vog on the west side of the island of Hawaii.


Mt. View (MV)	
	<b>Location:</b> 18-1235 Volcano Rd., Mt. View
	<b>Latitude:</b> 19.57002
	<b>Longitude:</b> -155.08046
	<b>Altitude:</b> 436.5 m
	<b>Parameters:</b> SO <sub>2</sub> , PM <sub>2.5</sub>
	<b>Established:</b> December 2010
	<b>Brief Description:</b> Located on the grounds of the Mt. View Elementary School, this station was established to monitor vog during southerly wind conditions.


Ocean View (OV)	
	<b>Location:</b> 92-6091 Orchid Mauka Circle, Ocean View
	<b>Latitude:</b> 19.11756
	<b>Longitude:</b> -155.77814
	<b>Altitude:</b> 862.6 m
	<b>Parameters:</b> SO <sub>2</sub> , PM <sub>2.5</sub>
	<b>Established:</b> April 2010
	<b>Brief Description:</b> This station is located in Hawaii Ocean View Estates at the Ocean View Fire Station and monitors for volcanic emissions.


Pahala (PA)		
	<b>Location:</b>	96-3150 Pikake St., Pahala
	<b>Latitude:</b>	19.2039
	<b>Longitude:</b>	-155.48018
	<b>Altitude:</b>	320 m
	<b>Parameters:</b>	SO <sub>2</sub> , PM <sub>2.5</sub>
	<b>Established:</b>	August 2007
	<b>Brief Description:</b>	
	The station is on the grounds of the Kau High and Pahala Elementary School, monitoring for volcanic emissions.	


Honaunau – Temporary (HN)		
	<b>Location:</b>	DWS Keei Well C, Painted Church Rd., Honaunau
	<b>Latitude:</b>	19.44276389
	<b>Longitude:</b>	-155.88583333
	<b>Altitude:</b>	274 m
	<b>Parameters:</b>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>
	<b>Established:</b>	August 2018
	<b>Brief Description:</b>	
	This temporary station is located in a residential subdivision within a fenced area that contains a Hawaii County Department of Water Supply water tank and pump house, monitoring for volcanic emissions.	

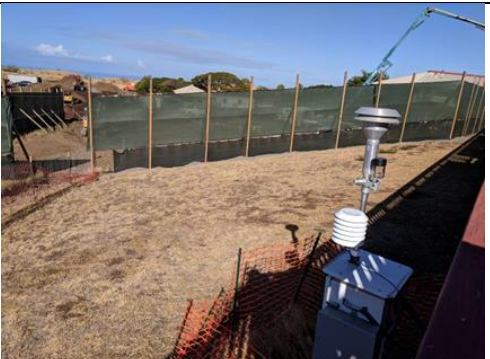
KAILUA-KONA (KK)		
	<b>Location:</b>	DWS Puapua'a Reservoir, Kailua-Kona
	<b>Latitude:</b>	19.61815833
	<b>Longitude:</b>	-155. 9711111
	<b>Altitude:</b>	92.4 m
	<b>Parameters:</b>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>
	<b>Established:</b>	November 2018
	<b>Brief Description:</b>	
	This station is located in the middle Kailua-Kona town within a fenced area that contains a County of Hawaii water reservoir and pump house, monitoring for volcanic emissions.	

KEEAU - Temporary( KS-T)		
	<b>Location:</b>	Kamehameha Schools, 16-714 Volcano Road, Keauau, HI 96749
	<b>Latitude:</b>	19.60533889
	<b>Longitude:</b>	-155.05138889
	<b>Altitude:</b>	179.8 m
	<b>Parameters:</b>	PM <sub>2.5</sub> , SO <sub>2</sub>
	<b>Established:</b>	June 2018
	<b>Brief Description:</b>	
	This temporary station is located in the town of Keauau on the Kamehameha Schools Hawaii campus, monitoring for volcanic emissions during southerly wind conditions.	

Leilani (LE)		
	<b>Location:</b>	13-3441 Moku St., Pahoa
	<b>Latitude:</b>	19.46555556
	<b>Longitude:</b>	-154.91583333
	<b>Altitude:</b>	229 m
	<b>Parameters:</b>	H <sub>2</sub> S, SO <sub>2</sub>
	<b>Established:</b>	September 2019
	<b>Brief Description:</b>	This station is located in a residential subdivision within a fenced area that contains the Leilani Community Association Center, monitoring emissions from the nearby geothermal energy facility.

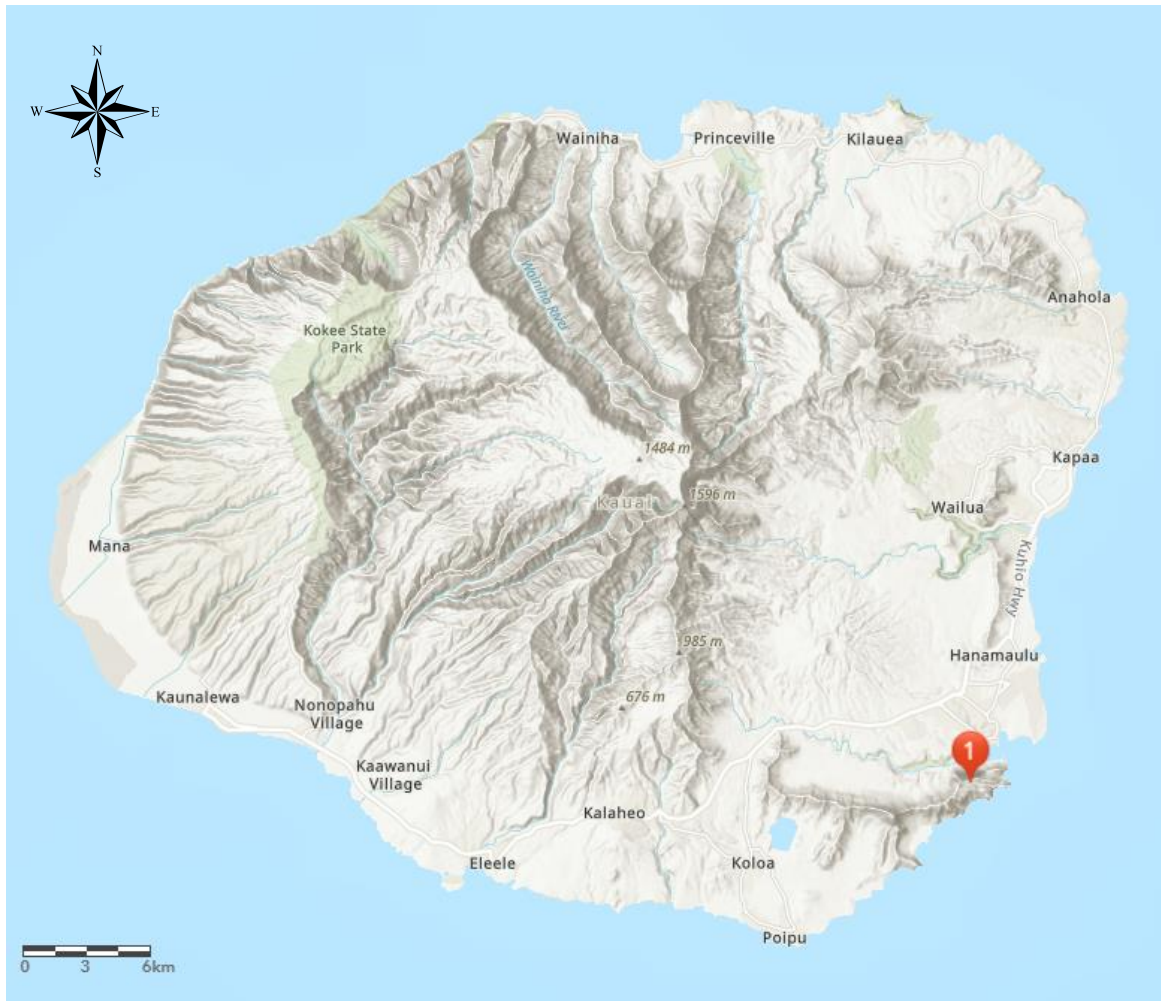
Naalehu – Temporary PM <sub>2.5</sub> (NA-TP)		
	<b>Location:</b>	Naalehu Volunteer Fire Station, Kaalaiki Road., Naalehu
	<b>Latitude:</b>	19.061379
	<b>Longitude:</b>	-155.586748
	<b>Altitude:</b>	207.9 m
	<b>Parameters:</b>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>
	<b>Established:</b>	June 2018
	<b>Brief Description:</b>	This temporary station is located at the Naalehu Volunteer Fire Station monitoring for volcanic emissions.

Naalehu – SO <sub>2</sub> (NA-S)		
	<b>Location:</b>	Naalehu Elementary School, 95-5547 Mamalahoa Hwy., Naalehu
	<b>Latitude:</b>	19.060656
	<b>Longitude:</b>	-155.579167
	<b>Altitude:</b>	196.3 m
	<b>Parameters:</b>	SO <sub>2</sub>
	<b>Established:</b>	August 2018
	<b>Brief Description:</b>	This station is located inside the USGS Seismograph building on the campus of Naalehu Elementary School, monitoring for volcanic emissions.

Waikoloa (WL-T)		
	<b>Location:</b>	68-1730 Hooko Street, Waikoloa
	<b>Latitude:</b>	19.945325
	<b>Longitude:</b>	-155.79138889
	<b>Altitude:</b>	259.1 m
	<b>Parameters:</b>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>
	<b>Established:</b>	June 2018
	<b>Brief Description:</b>	This temporary station is located at the Waikoloa Elementary School, monitoring for volcanic emissions.



**Figure 3-4: Island of Kauai – Air Monitoring Station**



Station	Name	Location	Pollutants Monitored
1	Niumalu	2342 Hulemalu Road	SO <sub>2</sub> , NO <sub>2</sub> , PM <sub>2.5</sub>


Niumalu (NI)		
	<b>Location:</b>	2342 Hulemalu Road, Lihue
	<b>Latitude:</b>	21.9495
	<b>Longitude:</b>	-159.365
	<b>Altitude:</b>	11 m
	<b>Parameters:</b>	SO <sub>2</sub> , NO <sub>2</sub> , PM <sub>2.5</sub>
	<b>Established:</b>	April 2011
	<b>Brief Description:</b>	Located in the Niumalu residential subdivision, this station monitors for emissions from the cruise ships in Nawiliwili Harbor approximately 1.0 mile upwind.

Table 3-1 State of Hawaii Ambient Air Monitoring Network

	Pollutants Monitored and Station Type								
SITE	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	CO	O <sub>3</sub>	SO <sub>2</sub>	NO <sub>2</sub>	H <sub>2</sub> S	MONITORING OBJECTIVE	LOCATION SETTING
<b>OAHU</b>									
Honolulu	S	S	S	-	S	-	-	Population Exposure	Urban and Center City
Kapolei <sup>1</sup>	S	S,C	S	S	S	S	-	Population Exposure	Suburban
Pearl City	S	S	-	-	-	-	-	Population Exposure	Urban and Center City
Sand Island	-	S	-	S	-	-	-	Maximum Concentration (O <sub>3</sub> )/ Transport (PM <sub>2.5</sub> )	Urban and Center City
Kahe <sup>2</sup>	-	-	-	-	S	-	-	Source Impact (DRR)	Neighborhood
Waiau <sup>2</sup>	-	-	-	-	S	-	-	Source Impact (DRR)	Suburban
<b>MAUI</b>									
Kihei	-	S	-	-	-	-	-	Population Exposure	Suburban
Kahului	-	SPM	-	-	-	-	-	Population Exposure	Neighborhood
<b>HAWAII</b>									
Hilo	-	SPM	-	-	S	-	-	Population Exposure	Suburban
Kona	-	SPM	-	-	S	-	-	Population Exposure (SO <sub>2</sub> )/ Maximum concentration (PM <sub>2.5</sub> )	Suburban
Mountain View	-	SPM	-	-	SPM	-	-	Source Impact	Suburban
Ocean View	-	SPM	-	-	SPM	-	-	Welfare Impact (SO <sub>2</sub> )/ Source Impact (PM <sub>2.5</sub> )	Rural
Pahala	-	SPM	-	-	SPM	-	-	Maximum concentration (SO <sub>2</sub> )/ Source Impact (PM <sub>2.5</sub> )	Rural
Honaunau	-	SPM	-	-	-	-	-	Source Impact	Rural
Kailua-Kona	-	SPM	-	-	-	-	-	Source Impact	Suburban
Keeau	-	SPM	-	-	SPM	-	-	Source Impact	Suburban
Leilani	-	-	-	-	SPM	-	SPM	Source Impact (geothermal)	Rural
Naalehu <sup>3</sup>	-	SPM	-	-	SPM	-	-	Source Impact	Rural
Waikoloa	-	SPM	-	-	-	-	-	Source Impact	Rural
<b>KAUAI</b>									
Niimalu	-	SPM		-	SPM	SPM	-	Source Impact (cruise ships)	Suburban

C = Collocated Site S = (SLAMS) State and Local Air Monitoring Station

SPM = Special Purpose Monitoring Station (for monitoring vog, geothermal energy production and cruise ships)

<sup>1</sup> Includes NCore station;

<sup>2</sup> As required by the Data Requirements Rule;

<sup>3</sup> Two closely located temporary stations, one PM<sub>2.5</sub> and one SO<sub>2</sub>.

**Table 3-2 Sampling Equipment at Each Monitoring Station**

Monitoring Station	PM <sub>10</sub> Continuous Ambient Particulate Monitor	PM <sub>2.5</sub> Manual Particulate Monitor	PM <sub>2.5</sub> Continuous Monitor	CO Continuous Gas Filter Correlation Analyzer	SO <sub>2</sub> Continuous Pulsed Fluorescence Ambient Air Analyzer	O <sub>3</sub> Continuous UV Photometric Analyzer	NO <sub>2</sub> Continuous Chemiluminescence Analyzer	H <sub>2</sub> S Continuous Pulsed Fluorescence Ambient Air Analyzer
<b>OAHU</b>								
Honolulu	■		■	■	■			
Kapolei	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	
Pearl City	■		■					
Sand Island			■			■		
<b>MAUI</b>								
Kihei			■					
Kahului			■					
<b>HAWAII</b>								
Hilo			■		■			
Kona			■		■			
Mt. View			■		■			
Ocean View			■		■			
Pahala			■		■			
Honaunau			■					
Kailua-Kona			■					
Keeau			■		■			
Leilani					■			■
Naalehu-P			■					
Naalehu-S					■			
Waikoloa ES			■					
<b>KAUAI</b>								
Niumalu			■		■		■	

## Section 4

# 2020 AIR QUALITY DATA

To protect the state's air quality from degradation, the Department of Health's Clean Air Branch is responsible for regulating and monitoring pollution sources to ensure that the levels of criteria pollutants remain well below the state and federal ambient air quality standards. Data collected from the ambient air network is validated by the Air Quality Monitoring Section to ensure that the reported data is of good quality and meets all quality control and assurance requirements.

In 2020 the State of Hawaii was in attainment of all NAAQS.

### **Explanation of Summary Tables 4-1 through 4-17:**

- Summaries are by pollutant and averaging period, with the number of occurrences exceeding the NAAQS or, in Table 4-17, the number of exceedances of the state H<sub>2</sub>S standard (there is no federal H<sub>2</sub>S standard);
- The "Maximum" is the highest and second highest valid values recorded in the year for the averaging period. For PM<sub>2.5</sub>, the maximum and 98<sup>th</sup> percentile concentrations are provided and for O<sub>3</sub>, the 4<sup>th</sup> highest daily maximum value is also displayed;
- The "Annual Mean" is the arithmetic mean of all valid values recorded in the year;
- "Possible Periods" is the total number of possible sampling periods in the year for the averaging period;
- "Valid Periods" is the total number of acceptable sampling periods after data validation;
- "Percent Recovery" represents the amount of quality data reported;
- Attainment with the NAAQS is determined according to 40 CFR 50.

### **Explanation of Tables 4-18 through 4-25:**

- For each pollutant and averaging period, the highest concentration for each month is presented;
- The month with the highest value recorded in the year for each site is highlighted.

**Table 4-1. 2020 Summary of the 24-Hour PM<sub>10</sub> Averages**

	Maximum		Annual Mean	No. of 24-hour Averages Greater than 150 µg/m <sup>3</sup>														
	1 <sup>st</sup> High	2 <sup>nd</sup> High	All Hours	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Possible Periods	Valid Periods	Percent Recovery
<b>OAHU</b>																		
Honolulu	24	22	10.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	366	365	99.7%
Kapolei	43	38	12.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	366	343	93.7%
Pearl City	28	24	11.7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	366	354	96.7%

**Table 4-2. Attainment Determination of the 24-Hour PM<sub>10</sub> NAAQS**

Station	Exceedances in 2018	Exceedances in 2019	Exceedances in 2020	Sites in violation of the NAAQS
Honolulu	0	0	0	0
Kapolei	0	0	0	0
Pearl City	0	0	0	0
Attainment: The standard not to be exceeded more than once per year on average over 3 years. <b>In 2020, Hawaii was in attainment with the 24-hour PM<sub>10</sub> NAAQS.</b>				



**Table 4-3. 2020 Summary of the 24-Hour PM<sub>2.5</sub> Averages: SLAMS Stations**

	Maximum		Annual Mean	No. of 24-hour Averages Greater than 35 µg/m <sup>3</sup>														
	1 <sup>st</sup> High	98 <sup>th</sup> %	All Hours	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Possible Periods	Valid Periods	Percent Recovery
<b>OAHU</b>																		
Honolulu	7.8	6.2	3.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	366	355	97.0%
Kapolei <sup>1</sup>	15.4	6.9	3.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	366	335	91.5%
Pearl City	10.7	6.2	3.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	366	344	94.0%
Sand Island	8.9	7.2	3.9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	366	328	89.6%
<b>MAUI</b>																		
Kihei	14.4	7.2	2.9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	366	332	90.7%

<sup>1</sup> Does not meet summary criteria, <75% data recovery in 2<sup>nd</sup> quarter, substitution test valid.

**Table 4-4. Attainment Determination of the 24-Hour PM<sub>2.5</sub> NAAQS: SLAMS Stations**

Station	2018 98 <sup>th</sup> value	2019 98 <sup>th</sup> value	2020 98 <sup>th</sup> value	3-Year Average	Sites in violation of the NAAQS
Honolulu	7.5	6.7	6.2	6.8	0
Kapolei	8.7	5.2	6.9	6.9	0
Pearl City	9.1	6.3	6.2	7.2	0
Sand Island	7.3	7.7	7.2	7.4	0
Kihei	11.0	16.9	7.2	11.7	0

Attainment: The 3-year average of the 98<sup>th</sup> percentile values must be less than or equal to 35 µg/m<sup>3</sup>.  
**In 2020, Hawaii was in attainment with the 24-hour PM<sub>2.5</sub> NAAQS.**

**Table 4-5. Attainment Determination of the Annual PM<sub>2.5</sub> NAAQS: SLAMS Stations**

Station	2018 Ann. Avg.	2019 Ann. Avg.	2020 Ann. Avg.	3-Year Average	Sites in violation of the NAAQS
Honolulu	3.7	3.2	3.0	3.3	0
Kapolei	2.5	1.8	3.4	2.9	0
Pearl City	3.0	3.3	3.2	3.6	0
Sand Island	3.7	3.9	3.9	3.5	0
Kihei	4.5	4.1	2.9	4.2	0

Attainment: The 3-year average of annual mean values must be less than 15 µg/m<sup>3</sup>.  
**In 2020, Hawaii was in attainment with the annual PM<sub>2.5</sub> NAAQS.**

**Table 4-6. 2020 Summary of the 24-Hour PM<sub>2.5</sub> Averages: SPM Stations**

	Maximum		Annual Mean	No. of 24-hour Averages Greater than 35 µg/m <sup>3</sup>														
	1 <sup>st</sup> High	98 <sup>th</sup> %	All Hours	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Possible Periods	Valid Periods	Percent Recovery
<b>HAWAII</b>																		
Hilo	7.5	5.8	3.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	366	338	95.3%
Kona	14.1	10.2	2.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	366	356	97.3%
Mt. View <sup>1</sup>	7.6	4.5	2.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	366	312	85.2%
Ocean View <sup>1</sup>	26.1	11.4	2.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	366	329	89.9%
Pahala <sup>1</sup>	13.4	6.7	22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	366	355	97.3%
Honauau <sup>2, 3</sup>	13.8	8.7	2.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	366	212	57.9%
Kailua-Kona <sup>2</sup>	6.7	4.4	2.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	366	333	91.0%
Keeau <sup>2, 4</sup>	8.0	5.0	2.9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	366	329	89.9%
Naalehu <sup>2, 4</sup>	7.8	5.0	2.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	366	320	87.4%
Waikoloa <sup>2</sup>	11.0	5.1	2.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	366	360	98.4%
<b>KAUAI</b>																		
Niumalu <sup>1</sup>	9.9	8.3	3.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	366	322	88.0%
<b>MAUI</b>																		
Kahului	9.2	7.1	3.9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	366	331	90.4%
The special purpose stations on Hawaii island were established to monitor ambient air concentrations of PM <sub>2.5</sub> from volcanic emissions. The special purpose station on Kauai was established to monitor emissions from cruise ships. The special purpose station on Maui was established to monitor emissions from agricultural burning.																		

<sup>1</sup> Does not meet summary criteria, <75% data recovery in a quarter, substitution test valid.

<sup>2</sup> Preliminary data – for information only. Temporary stations may not meet all federal siting requirements.

<sup>3</sup> Preliminary data – for information only. Does not meet summary criteria, <50% data recovery in 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> quarters.

<sup>4</sup> Preliminary data – for information only. Does not meet summary criteria, <75% data recovery in a quarter.

**Table 4-7. 2020 Summary of the 8-Hour O<sub>3</sub> Averages**

	Maximum			Annual Mean	No. of Daily Maximum 8-Hour Averages Greater than 0.070 ppm														
	1 <sup>st</sup> High	2 <sup>nd</sup> High	4 <sup>th</sup> High	All Hours	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Possible Periods	Valid Periods	Percent Recovery
<b>OAHU</b>																			
Sand Island	0.046	0.046	0.044	0.026	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8779	8705	99.2%
Kapolei	0.047	0.046	0.045	0.026	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8779	8387	95.5%

**Table 4-8. Attainment Determination of the 8-Hour O<sub>3</sub> NAAQS**

Station	2018 4 <sup>th</sup> highest	2019 4 <sup>th</sup> highest	2020 4 <sup>th</sup> highest	3-Year Average	Site in violation of the NAAQS
Sand Island	0.046	0.053	0.044	0.048	0
Kapolei	0.049	0.052	0.045	0.049	0
Attainment: The 3-year average of the annual 4 <sup>th</sup> highest daily maximum 8-hour average must be less than or equal to 0.070 ppm. <b>In 2020, Hawaii was in attainment with the 8-hour O<sub>3</sub> NAAQS.</b>					

**Table 4-9. 2020 Summary of the 1-Hour and Annual NO<sub>2</sub> Averages**

	Maximum 1-hr		Annual Mean	No. of Daily Maximum 1-Hour Averages Greater than 0.100 ppm														
	1 <sup>st</sup> High	98 <sup>th</sup> %	All Hours	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Possible Periods	Valid Periods	Percent Recovery
<b>OAHU</b>	<b>SLAMS Station</b>																	
Kapolei	0.032	0.026	0.003	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8784	8507	96.8%
<b>KAUAI</b>	<b>SPM Station</b>																	
Niumalu	0.041	0.034	0.003	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8784	8528	97.1%
Attainment of the annual NO <sub>2</sub> NAAQS: The annual mean shall not exceed 0.053 ppm. <b>In 2020, Hawaii was in attainment with the annual NO<sub>2</sub> NAAQS.</b>																		

**Table 4-10. Attainment Determination of the 1-Hour NO<sub>2</sub> NAAQS**

Station	2018 98 <sup>th</sup> value	2019 98 <sup>th</sup> value	2020 98 <sup>th</sup> value	3-Year Average	Site in violation of the NAAQS
<b>OAHU</b>	<b>SLAMS Station</b>				
Kapolei	0.027	0.028	0.026	0.027	0
Attainment: The 3-year average of the 98 <sup>th</sup> percentile values must be less than or equal to 0.100 ppm. <b>In 2020, Hawaii was in attainment with the 1-hour NO<sub>2</sub> NAAQS.</b>					

#### 4-11. 2020 Summary of the 1-Hour SO<sub>2</sub> Averages

	Maximum		Annual Mean	No. of 1-hour Averages Greater than 0.075 ppm														
	1 <sup>st</sup> High	99 <sup>th</sup> %	All Hours	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Possible Periods	Valid Periods	Percent Recovery
<b>OAHU</b>	<b>SLAMS Stations</b>																	
Honolulu	0.001	0.001	0.000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8784	8369	95.3%
Kapolei	0.009	0.006	0.001	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8784	8262	94.1%
<b>OAHU</b>	<b>SPM Stations (see NOTE)</b>																	
Kahe	0.070	0.057	0.001	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8784	8596	97.9%
Waiau	0.029	0.018	0.000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8784	8472	96.4%
<b>HAWAII</b>	<b>SPM Stations (see NOTE)</b>																	
Hilo <sup>1</sup>	0.032	0.012	0.002	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8784	7774	88.5%
Kona <sup>1</sup>	0.261	0.012	0.002	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	8784	8588	97.8%
Mt. View <sup>1</sup>	0.036	0.008	0.002	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8784	8569	97.6%
Ocean View <sup>1</sup>	1.981	0.205	0.003	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	8784	8142	92.7%
Pahala <sup>1</sup>	0.841	0.274	0.003	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	8784	8515	96.9%
Keeau <sup>2</sup>	0.028	0.002	0.000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8784	7429	84.6%
Naalehu	0.004	0.003	0.002	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8784	8364	95.2%
Leilani	0.003	0.002	0.001	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8784	8168	93.0%
<b>KAUAI</b>	<b>SPM Station</b>																	
Niualu	0.004	0.004	0.001	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8784	8167	93.0%
Attainment: The 3-year average of the 99 <sup>th</sup> percentile values must be less than or equal to 0.075 ppm. Effective June 2, 2010. <b>In 2020, Hawaii was in attainment with the 1-hour SO<sub>2</sub> NAAQS (SLAMS stations only).</b>  NOTE: The SPM stations on Hawaii Island were established to monitor ambient air concentrations of SO <sub>2</sub> from volcanic emissions. Although Hilo and Kona stations are designated SLAMS, the values are still mostly attributed to volcanic emissions. Volcanic eruptions are considered natural events and therefore EPA may exclude the exceedances of the 1-hour NAAQS from attainment determinations. The SPM station on Kauai was established to monitor emissions from cruise ships.																		

<sup>1</sup> Elevated values occurred immediately after the December 20, 2020 eruption at Halema'uma'u crater on the summit of Kilauea volcano.

<sup>2</sup> Does not meet summary criteria, <75% data recovery in 2<sup>nd</sup> quarter.

**Table 4-12. Attainment Determination of the 1-Hour SO<sub>2</sub> NAAQS: SLAMS Stations**

	2018 99 <sup>th</sup> value	2019 99 <sup>th</sup> value	2020 99 <sup>th</sup> value	3-Year Average	Violation of the NAAQS
<b>OAHU SLAMS stations</b>					N= NO Y= YES
Honolulu	0.003	0.006	0.001	0.003	N
Kapolei	0.006	0.003	0.006	0.005	N
<b>OAHU SPM stations (see NOTE)</b>					
Kahe	0.038	0.062	0.057	0.052	N
Waiau	0.016	0.016	0.018	0.017	N
<b>HAWAII SPM stations (see NOTE)</b>					
Hilo	0.191	0.011	0.012	0.071	N
Kona	0.094	0.003	0.012	0.036	N
Mt. View	0.325	0.008	0.008	0.114	Y
Ocean View	0.887	0.003	0.205	0.365	Y
Pahala	0.686	0.009	0.274	0.323	Y
<b>KAUAI SPM station</b>					
Niumalu	0.003	0.001 <sup>1</sup>	0.004	0.003	N
<p>Attainment: The 3-year average of the 99<sup>th</sup> percentile values must be less than or equal to 0.075 ppm. Effective June 2, 2010.</p> <p><b>In 2020, Hawaii was in attainment with the 1-hour SO<sub>2</sub> NAAQS (SLAMS stations only).</b></p> <p>NOTE: The SPM stations on Hawaii Island were established to monitor ambient air concentrations of SO<sub>2</sub> from volcanic emissions. Although Hilo and Kona stations are designated SLAMS, the values are still mostly attributed to volcanic emissions. Volcanic eruptions are considered natural events and therefore EPA may exclude the exceedances of the 1-hour NAAQS from attainment determinations. The SPM station on Kauai was established to monitor emissions from cruise ships.</p>					

<sup>1</sup> Does not meet summary criteria, <75% data recovery in 1<sup>st</sup> quarter, substitution test valid.

**Table 4-13. 2020 Summary of the 3-Hour SO<sub>2</sub> Averages**

	Maximum		Annual Mean	No. of 3-hour Averages Greater than 0.5 ppm														
	1 <sup>st</sup> High	2 <sup>nd</sup> High	All Hours	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Possible Periods	Valid Periods	Percent Recovery
<b>OAHU</b>	<b>SLAMS stations</b>																	
Honolulu	0.001	0.001	0.000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2928	2774	94.7%
Kapolei	0.005	0.005	0.001	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2928	2716	92.8%
<b>OAHU</b>	<b>SPM stations (see NOTE)</b>																	
Kahe	0.046	0.043	0.001	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2928	2833	96.8%
Waiau	0.017	0.011	0.000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2928	2792	95.4%
<b>HAWAII</b>	<b>SPM stations (see NOTE)</b>																	
Hilo <sup>1</sup>	0.027	0.018	0.002	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2928	2526	86.3%
Kona <sup>1</sup>	0.141	0.067	0.002	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2928	2752	94.0%
Mt. View <sup>1</sup>	0.034	0.024	0.002	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2928	2739	93.5%
Ocean View <sup>1</sup>	1.604	0.810	0.003	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2928	2667	91.1%
Pahala <sup>1</sup>	0.607	0.248	0.003	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2928	2760	94.3%
Keeau <sup>2</sup>	0.010	0.003	0.000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2928	2373	81.0%
Naalehu	0.003	0.003	0.002	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2928	2714	92.7%
Leilani	0.002	0.002	0.001	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2928	2676	91.4%
<b>KAUAI</b>	<b>SPM station</b>																	
Niumalu	0.004	0.004	0.001	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2928	2641	90.2%

Attainment: 3-hour values not to exceed 0.5 ppm more than once per year.

**In 2020, Hawaii was in attainment with the 3-hour SO<sub>2</sub> NAAQS (SLAMS stations only).**

NOTE: The SPM stations on Hawaii island were established to monitor ambient air concentrations of SO<sub>2</sub> from volcanic emissions. Although Hilo and Kona stations are designated SLAMS, the values are still mostly attributed to volcanic emissions. Volcanic eruptions are considered natural events and therefore EPA may exclude the exceedances of the 3-hour NAAQS from attainment determinations.

<sup>1</sup> Elevated values occurred immediately after the December 20, 2020 eruption at Halema'uma'u crater on the summit of Kilauea volcano.

<sup>2</sup> Does not meet summary criteria, <75% data recovery in 2<sup>nd</sup> quarter.

**Table 4-14. 2020 Summary of the 24-Hour and Annual SO<sub>2</sub> Averages**

	Maximum		Annual Mean	No. of 24-hour Averages Greater than 0.14 ppm														
	1 <sup>st</sup> High	2 <sup>nd</sup> High	All Hours	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Possible Periods	Valid Periods	Percent Recovery
<b>OAHU</b>	<b>SLAMS Stations</b>																	
Honolulu	0.001	0.000	0.000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	366	360	98.4%
Kapolei	0.003	0.003	0.001	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	366	345	94.3%
<b>OAHU</b>	<b>SPM Stations (see NOTE)</b>																	
Kahe	0.022	0.013	0.001	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	366	364	99.5%
Waiau	0.004	0.002	0.000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	366	357	97.5%
<b>HAWAII</b>	<b>SPM Stations (see NOTE)</b>																	
Hilo	0.007	0.005	0.002	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	366	336	91.8%
Kona <sup>1</sup>	0.037	0.020	0.002	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	366	364	99.5%
Mt. View <sup>1</sup>	0.010	0.003	0.002	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	366	365	99.7%
Ocean View <sup>1</sup>	0.395	0.047	0.003	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	366	344	94.0%
Pahala <sup>1</sup>	0.132	0.076	0.003	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	366	359	98.1%
Keeau <sup>2</sup>	0.002	0.001	0.000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	366	302	82.5%
Naalehu	0.003	0.003	0.002	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	366	351	95.9%
Leilani	0.002	0.002	0.001	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	366	340	92.9%
<b>KAUAI</b>	<b>SPM Station</b>																	
Niumalu <sup>1</sup>	0.004	0.001	0.001	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	366	345	94.3%
Attainment: 24-hour values not to exceed 0.14 ppm more than once per year. <b>In 2020, Hawaii was in attainment of the state 24-hour SO<sub>2</sub> standard (SLAMS stations only).</b>  NOTE: The SPM stations on Hawaii island were established to monitor ambient air concentrations of SO <sub>2</sub> from volcanic emissions. Although Hilo and Kona stations are designated SLAMS, the values are still mostly attributed to volcanic emissions. Volcanic eruptions are considered natural events and therefore EPA may exclude the exceedances of the 24-hour NAAQS from attainment determinations.																		
Attainment: Annual average (from SLAMS stations only) not to exceed 0.03 ppm. <b>In 2020, Hawaii was in attainment of the state annual SO<sub>2</sub> standard.</b>  NOTE: The SPM stations on Hawaii island were established to monitor ambient air concentrations of SO <sub>2</sub> from volcanic emissions. Although Hilo and Kona stations are designated SLAMS, the values are still mostly attributed to volcanic emissions. Volcanic eruptions are considered natural events and therefore EPA may exclude the exceedances of the annual NAAQS from attainment determinations.																		

<sup>1</sup> Elevated values occurred immediately after the December 20, 2020 eruption at Halema'uma'u crater on the summit of Kilauea volcano.<sup>2</sup> Does not meet summary criteria, <75% data recovery in 2<sup>nd</sup> quarter.



**Table 4-15. 2020 Summary of the 1-Hour CO Averages**

	Maximum		Annual Mean	No. of 1-hour Averages Greater than 35 ppm														
	1 <sup>st</sup> High	2 <sup>nd</sup> High	All Hours	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Possible Periods	Valid Periods	Percent Recovery
<b>OAHU</b>	<b>SLAMS stations</b>																	
Honolulu	0.9	0.9	0.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8784	8373	95.3%
Kapolei	1.2	0.6	0.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8784	8515	96.9%
Attainment: 1-hour values not to exceed 35 ppm more than once per year. <b>In 2020, Hawaii was in attainment with the 1-hour CO NAAQS.</b>																		

**Table 4-16. 2020 Summary of the 8-Hour CO Averages**

	Maximum		Annual Mean	No. of 8-hour Averages Greater than 9 ppm														
	1 <sup>st</sup> High	2 <sup>nd</sup> High	All Hours	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Possible Periods	Valid Periods	Percent Recovery
<b>OAHU</b>	<b>SLAMS stations</b>																	
Honolulu	0.6	0.6	0.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8779	8041	91.6%
Kapolei	0.4	0.3	0.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8779	8376	95.4%
Attainment: 8-hour values not to exceed 9 ppm more than once per year. <b>In 2020, Hawaii was in attainment with the 8-hour CO NAAQS.</b>																		

**Table 4-17. 2020 Monthly Maximum of 24-Hour PM<sub>10</sub> Values (µg/m<sup>3</sup>)**

The month with the highest value in the year is highlighted

The state and federal 24-hr PM<sub>10</sub> standard is 150 µg/m<sup>3</sup>

Station	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Honolulu	22	21	17	16	15	19	15	14	12	20	17	17
Kapolei	20	37	15	18	19	20	16	21	22	26	25	43
Pearl City	26	22	20	17	18	20	15	15	12	18	19	19

**Table 4-18. 2020 Monthly Maximum of 24-Hour PM<sub>2.5</sub> Values (µg/m<sup>3</sup>)**

The month with the highest value in the year is highlighted

The federal 24-hr PM<sub>2.5</sub> standard is 35 µg/m

Station	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
<b>SLAMS Stations</b>												
Honolulu	7.8	6.7	4.8	4.7	5.1	5.5	5.9	4.7	4.1	6.8	4.6	5.3
Kapolei	4.5	4.1	3.4	2.8	2.8	2.2	3.2	2.9	3.4	4.2	3.6	3.8
Pearl City	6.3	6.0	10.7	4.8	5.0	5.6	5.5	4.5	4.5	7.2	4.9	6.6
Sand Island	8.9	7.6	7.8	5.5	6.5	5.2	6.4	5.7	5.2	7.9	5.4	6.3
Kihei	14.4	4.5	4.4	5.7	3.7	3.7	11.2	6.9	4.9	6.5	3.9	4.9
<b>SPM Stations</b>												
Niualu (cruise ships)	9.9	9.4	8.7	6.1	7.6	6.0	6.0	5.9	0.0	6.6	7.5	4.6
Kahului	8.2	6.0	6.8	6.8	5.3	5.8	7.1	6.5	5.8	8.5	5.4	9.2
Hilo (volcano)	5.6	4.9	4.3	5.7	5.2	5.8	6.0	5.2	6.7	6.0	4.3	7.5
Kona (volcano)	4.1	3.3	3.6	3.2	2.6	13.3	2.7	3.5	3.1	4.5	3.4	14.1
Mt. View (volcano)	4.3	3.7	3.0	2.0	3.5	3.6	4.5	4.5	3.5	6.7	2.6	7.6
Ocean View (volcano)	2.1	4.2	15.4	4.1	3.0	3.2	3.0	4.4	3.0	4.6	3.8	26.1
Pahala (volcano)	4.2	4.5	2.3	4.5	2.9	3.7	4.7	9.0	3.9	7.0	2.6	13.4
Honaunau (volcano)	3.3	4.5	4.5	3.6	3.2	3.7						13.8
Kailua-Kona (volcano)	3.7	4.9	3.3	4.1	3.8	4.1	3.7	4.4	4.9	6.7	4.0	4.3
Keeau (volcano)	4.7	4.7	8.1	4.2	4.3	4.5	5.8	5.9	5.0	6.4	5.4	5.7
Naalehu (volcano)	6.0	3.9	3.9	5.0	4.5	4.2	4.4	5.5	4.5	7.8	0.0	5.0
Waikoloa (volcano)	4.2	4.1	3.7	4.3	3.5	3.2	3.8	4.4	3.9	5.7	3.6	11.0

**Table 4-19. 2020 Monthly Maximum of 1-Hour NO<sub>2</sub> Values (ppm)**

The month with the highest value in the year is highlighted

The federal 1-hour standard for NO<sub>2</sub> is 0.100 ppm

Station	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Kapolei	30.3	32.1	24.6	18.6	12.1	13.4	21.4	9.7	16.8	21.9	16.4	28.0
Niumalu	37.9	41.1	40.7	7.9	10.8	12.0	10.9	9.2	12.6	9.8	14.2	9.1

**Table 4-20. 2020 Monthly Maximum of 1-Hour CO Values (ppm)**

The month with the highest value in the year is highlighted

The federal 1-hr CO standard is 35 ppm, the state standard is 9 ppm

Station	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Honolulu	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.8	0.8	0.9
Kapolei	0.5	0.3	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.5	1.2	0.5
Kapolei Ncore	0.6	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.6

**Table 4-21. 2020 Monthly Maximum of 8-Hour CO Values (ppm)**

The month with the highest value in the year is highlighted

The federal 8-hr CO standard is 9 ppm, the state standard is 4.4 ppm

Station	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Honolulu	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6
Kapolei	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3
Kapolei Ncore	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3

**4-22. 2020 Monthly Maximum of 8-Hour O<sub>3</sub> Values (ppm)**

The month with the highest value in the year is highlighted

The federal 8-hr O<sub>3</sub> standard is 0.070 ppm

Station	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Sand Island	44	46	47	40	37	35	27	22	26	35	41	37
Kapolei NCore	47	47	45	45	40	40	27	25	31	34	41	35

**Table 4-23. 2020 Monthly Maximum of 1-Hour SO<sub>2</sub> Values (ppm)**

The month with the highest value in the year is highlighted

*The federal 1-hr SO<sub>2</sub> standard is 0.075 ppm (75 ppb)*

Station	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
<b>SLAMS Stations</b>												
Honolulu	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001
Kapolei	0.009	0.008	0.001	0.004	0.003	0.002	0.003	0.002	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.002
Kapolei Ncore	0.015	0.015	0.006	0.006	0.007	0.008	0.009	0.001	0.004	0.011	0.002	0.004
Kahe	0.057	0.036	0.062	0.054	0.045	0.031	0.006	0.003	0.070	0.049	0.069	0.039
Waiau	0.018	0.018	0.018	0.008	0.006	0.012	0.029	0.006	0.010	0.011	0.008	0.016
<b>SPM Stations (see NOTE)</b>												
Niimalu (cruise ships)	0.001	0.001	0.004	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.003	0.003	0.001	0.002	0.003	0.004
Hilo <sup>1</sup> (volcano)	0.007	0.006	0.005	0.008	0.005	0.008	0.006	0.006	0.019	0.019	0.003	0.032
Kona <sup>1</sup> (volcano)	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.261
Mt. View <sup>1</sup> (volcano)	0.006	0.004	0.005	0.007	0.002	0.003	0.002	0.003	0.003	0.005	0.003	0.036
Ocean View <sup>1</sup> (volcano)	0.004	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.001	1.981
Pahala <sup>1</sup> (volcano)	0.004	0.006	0.005	0.004	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.006	0.006	0.009	0.006	0.841
Keeau <sup>2</sup> (volcano)	0.005	0.004	0.001	0.028	0.005	0.003	0.006	0.007	0.004	0.000	0.004	0.000
Naalehu <sup>2</sup> (volcano)	0.002	0.009	0.003	0.002	0.003	0.002	0.003	0.003	0.004	0.003	0.003	0.004
Leilani <sup>2</sup> (volcano)	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.003

NOTE: The SPM stations on Hawaii Island were established to monitor ambient air concentrations of SO<sub>2</sub> from volcanic emissions. Although Hilo and Kona stations are designated SLAMS, the values are still mostly attributed to volcanic emissions. Volcanic eruptions are considered natural events and therefore EPA may exclude the exceedances of the 1-hour NAAQS from attainment determinations.

<sup>1</sup> Elevated values occurred immediately after the December 20, 2020 eruption at Halema'uma'u crater on the summit of Kilauea volcano.

<sup>2</sup> Preliminary data – for information only. Temporary stations may not meet all federal siting requirements.

**Table 4-24. 2020 Monthly Maximum of 3-Hour SO<sub>2</sub> Values (ppm)**

The month with the highest value in the year is highlighted

The state and federal 3-hr SO<sub>2</sub> standard is 0.5 ppm

Station	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
<b>SLAMS Stations</b>												
Honolulu	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.001
Kapolei	0.005	0.005	0.001	0.003	0.003	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.002
Kapolei Ncore	0.007	0.008	0.004	0.005	0.004	0.005	0.007	0.001	0.004	0.007	0.002	0.003
Kahe	0.022	0.017	0.034	0.030	0.030	0.020	0.003	0.002	0.046	0.038	0.029	0.019
Waiau	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
<b>SPM Stations (see NOTE)</b>												
Niimalu (cruise ships)	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.003	0.001	0.002	0.003	0.004
Hilo <sup>1</sup> (volcano)	0.004	0.004	0.004	0.005	0.004	0.006	0.005	0.005	0.010	0.011	0.002	0.026
Kona <sup>1</sup> (volcano)	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.141
Mt. View <sup>1</sup> (volcano)	0.0005	0.003	0.004	0.004	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.003	0.002	0.003	0.003	0.034
Ocean View <sup>1</sup> (volcano)	0.002	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	1.604
Pahala <sup>1</sup> (volcano)	0.003	0.003	0.004	0.003	0.002	0.003	0.004	0.004	0.004	0.006	0.005	0.607
Keeau <sup>2</sup> (volcano)	0.003	0.002	0.000	0.010	0.002	0.001	0.003	0.002	0.002	0.000	0.000	0.000
Naalehu <sup>2</sup> (volcano)	0.001	0.004	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.003	0.002	0.003	0.003
Leilani <sup>2</sup> (volcano)	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.002

NOTE: The SPM stations on Hawaii Island were established to monitor ambient air concentrations of SO<sub>2</sub> from volcanic emissions. Volcanic eruptions are considered natural events and therefore EPA may exclude the exceedances of the 3-hour NAAQS from attainment determinations.

<sup>1</sup> Elevated values occurred immediately after the December 20, 2020 eruption at Halema'uma'u crater on the summit of Kilauea volcano.

<sup>2</sup> Preliminary data – for information only. Temporary stations may not meet all federal siting requirements.

**Table 4-25. 2020 Monthly Maximum of 24-Hour SO<sub>2</sub> Values (ppm)**

The month with the highest value in the year is highlighted

The state 24-hr SO<sub>2</sub> standard is 0.14 ppm

Station	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
<b>SLAMS Stations</b>												
Honolulu	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.001
Kapolei	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.003	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002
Kapolei NCore	0.001	0.002	0.001	0.003	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002
Kahe	0.007	0.003	0.009	0.010	0.004	0.003	0.001	0.000	0.023	0.013	0.010	0.003
Waiau	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.004	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001
<b>SPM Stations (see NOTE)</b>												
Niimalu (cruise ships)	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.003	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.004
Hilo <sup>1</sup> (volcano)	0.002	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.004	0.004	0.004	0.005	0.005	0.001	0.007
Kona <sup>1</sup> (volcano)	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.037
Mt. View <sup>1</sup> (volcano)	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.010
Ocean View <sup>1</sup> (volcano)	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.395
Pahala <sup>1</sup> (volcano)	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.132
Keeau <sup>2</sup> (volcano)	0.002	0.001	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Naalehu <sup>2</sup> (volcano)	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.003	0.003
Leilani <sup>2</sup> (volcano)	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.002

NOTE: The SPM stations on Hawaii Island were established to monitor ambient air concentrations of SO<sub>2</sub> from volcanic emissions. Volcanic eruptions are considered natural events and therefore EPA may exclude the exceedances of the 24-hour NAAQS from attainment determinations.

<sup>1</sup> Elevated values occurred immediately after the December 20, 2020 eruption at Halema'uma'u crater on the summit of Kilauea volcano.

<sup>2</sup> Preliminary data – for information only. Temporary stations may not meet all federal siting requirements.

## Section 5

# 2020 PM<sub>2.5</sub> SPECIATION DATA

Atmospheric aerosols are solid or liquid particles suspended in air that come directly from a variety of sources (primary) or are formed by chemical reactions (secondary). Primary and secondary particles tend to have long lifetimes in the atmosphere and can travel long distances, up to hundreds or perhaps thousands of miles. Sources include dust from roads, construction, and agriculture; combustion particles from motor vehicles, electric utilities and agricultural burning; and particles from natural sources such as the ocean or volcano.

Most of the PM<sub>2.5</sub> is a combination of the following components: sulfates, nitrates, ammonium, elemental carbon, organic compounds, water and metals. The EPA selected target particulates of interest based on data use objectives, primary constituents of PM<sub>2.5</sub>, and the capability and availability of current analytical methods.

The filter-based speciation sampler collects samples once every 3 days for analyses performed by an EPA contract laboratory. The speciation sampler is located at the Kapolei NCore monitoring station.

Table 5-1 lists the parameters measured, highest and second highest values recorded in the year, the annual arithmetic mean of all valid samples and the total number of samples collected in the year. Table 5-2 lists the analysis methods for each parameter.

With the exception of lead, there are no ambient air quality standards for the individual components of speciated PM<sub>2.5</sub>.

For more information on EPA's speciation program, go to:  
[www.epa.gov/ttn/amtic/speciepg.html](http://www.epa.gov/ttn/amtic/speciepg.html)

**Table 5-1. Annual Summary of PM<sub>2.5</sub> Speciation Data**

Parameter	1 <sup>st</sup> High (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	2 <sup>nd</sup> High (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	Annual Mean (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	No. of Samples	Percent Recovery
<b>CARBON</b>					
Organic Carbon	2.457	1.590	0.3600	118	97%
Elemental Carbon	0.443	0.424	0.0972	118	97%
<b>METALS</b>					
Aluminum	0.449	0.341	0.0266	114	93%
Antimony	0.031	0.022	0.0004	114	93%
Arsenic	0.000	0.000	0.0000	114	93%
Barium	0.125	0.051	0.0047	114	93%
Bromine	0.003	0.003	0.0002	114	93%
Cadmium	0.017	0.017	0.0007	114	93%
Calcium	0.205	0.178	0.0464	114	93%
Cerium	0.088	0.063	0.0055	114	93%
Cesium	0.050	0.048	0.0030	114	93%
Chlorine	2.717	1.734	0.5142	114	93%
Chromium	0.007	0.006	0.0009	113	93%
Cobalt	0.003	0.003	0.0002	113	93%
Copper	0.085	0.015	0.0005	113	93%
Indium	0.033	0.029	0.0023	114	93%
Iron	0.117	0.075	0.0233	113	93%
Lead	0.015	0.012	0.0013	114	93%
Magnesium	0.572	0.161	0.0465	114	93%
Manganese	0.009	0.007	0.0003	114	93%
Nickel	0.007	0.007	0.0012	113	93%
Phosphorus	0.008	0.003	0.0002	114	93%
Potassium	3.582	0.062	0.0567	114	93%
Rubidium	0.007	0.005	0.0005	114	93%
Selenium	0.004	0.004	0.0001	114	93%
Silicon	0.202	0.151	0.0252	114	93%
Silver	0.019	0.018	0.0018	114	93%
Sodium	1.152	1.1220	0.3864	114	93%
Strontium	0.073	0.009	0.0011	114	93%
Sulfur	1.087	0.592	0.1812	114	93%
Tin	0.033	0.023	0.0011	114	93%
Titanium	0.031	0.016	0.0026	114	93%
Vanadium	0.005	0.005	0.0004	114	93%
Zinc	0.022	0.011	0.0027	114	93%
Zirconium	0.029	0.022	0.0004	114	93%



Table 5-1 Continued

Parameter	1 <sup>st</sup> High ( $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ )	2 <sup>nd</sup> High ( $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ )	Annual Mean ( $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ )	No. of Samples	Percent Recovery
<b>IONS</b>					
Ammonium Ion	0.18	0.18	0.023	114	93%
Potassium Ion	3.39	0.04	0.045	114	93%
Sodium Ion	1.25	1.13	0.394	114	93%
Total Nitrate	0.68	0.49	0.162	114	93%
Sulfate	2.90	1.63	0.564	114	93%

**Table 5-2. Speciation Collection and Analysis Methods**

Parameter	Collection Method	Analysis Method
Carbon	URG 300N Quartz Filter	Thermal Optical Transmittance
Metals	Met-One SASS Teflon Filter	Energy Dispersive X-Ray Fluorescence
Ions	Met-One SASS Nylon Filter	Ion Chromatography

## **Section 6**

# **AMBIENT AIR QUALITY TRENDS**

The following graphs illustrate 5-year trends for PM<sub>10</sub>, PM<sub>2.5</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>3</sub>, and CO from 2016 to 2020 at all SLAMS stations monitoring for those pollutants.

Figures 6-1 and 6-2 are graphs of the PM<sub>10</sub> annual and maximum 24-hour averages.

Figure 6-3 is the graph of the PM<sub>2.5</sub> annual averages. Attainment of the PM<sub>2.5</sub> 24-hour standard is based on the 98<sup>th</sup> percentile value at each station, which is depicted in Figure 6-4.

Figures 6-5 and 6-6 are graphs of the SO<sub>2</sub> annual and maximum 24-hour averages.

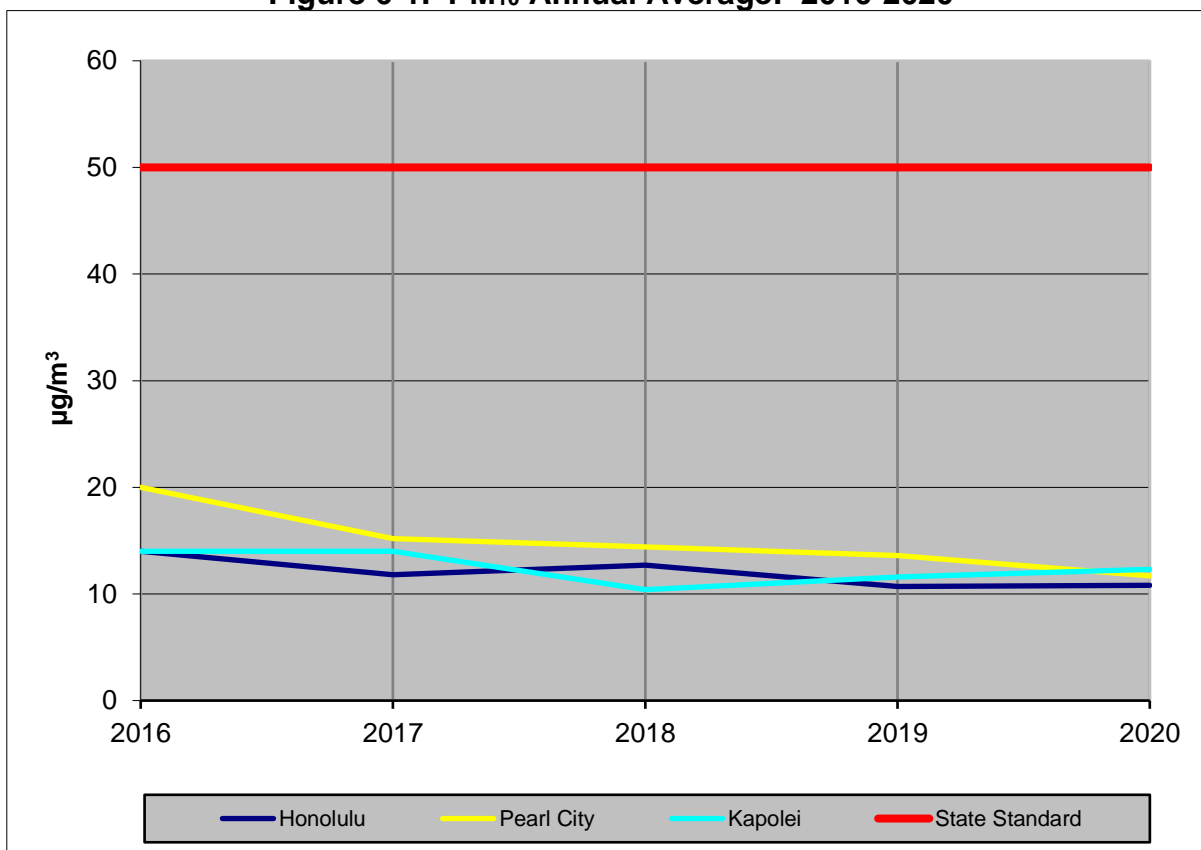
Figure 6-7 and 6-8 shows the annual and maximum 1-hour averages of NO<sub>2</sub> compared to the federal NAAQS.

Attainment of the 8-hour ozone standard is achieved by averaging 3 years of the fourth highest daily maximum 8-hour average concentrations, which must not exceed 0.070 ppm. Figure 6-9 is a graph of the fourth highest daily maximum values recorded at the Sand Island and Kapolei ozone monitoring stations in the past five years.

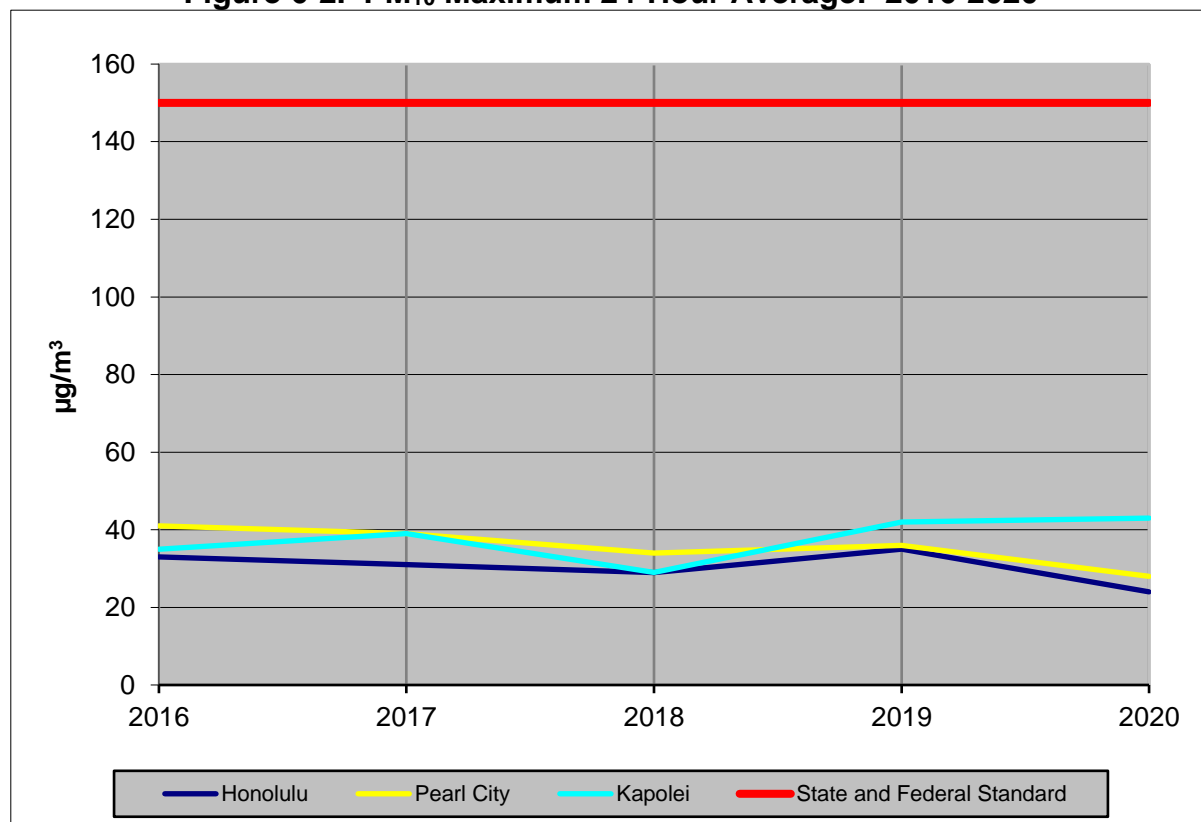
The graphs for 1-hour and 8-hour carbon monoxide (figures 6-10 and 6-11, respectively) represent the maximum 1-hour or 8-hour values recorded in the year.

Criteria pollutant levels remain below state and federal ambient air quality standards at all SLAMS stations in the state.

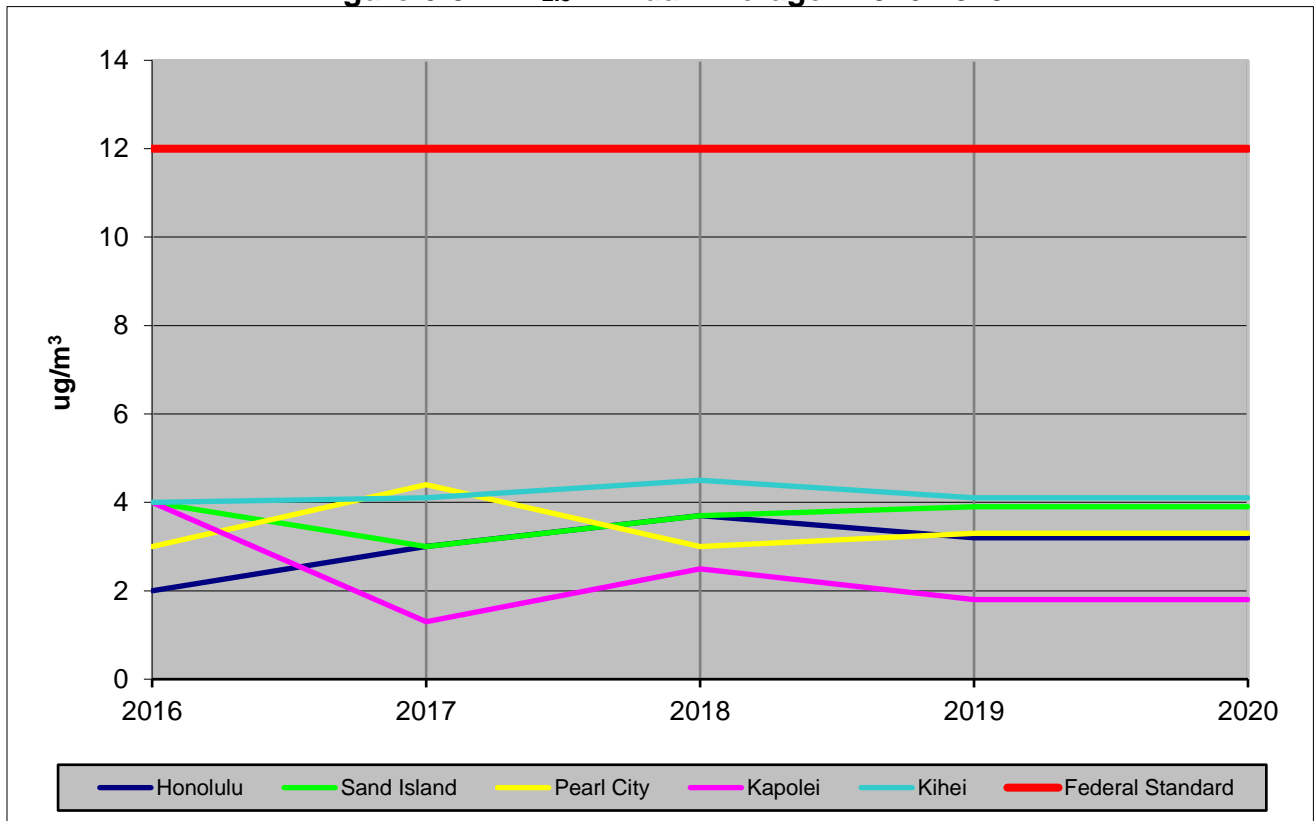
**Figure 6-1. PM<sub>10</sub> Annual Average: 2016-2020**



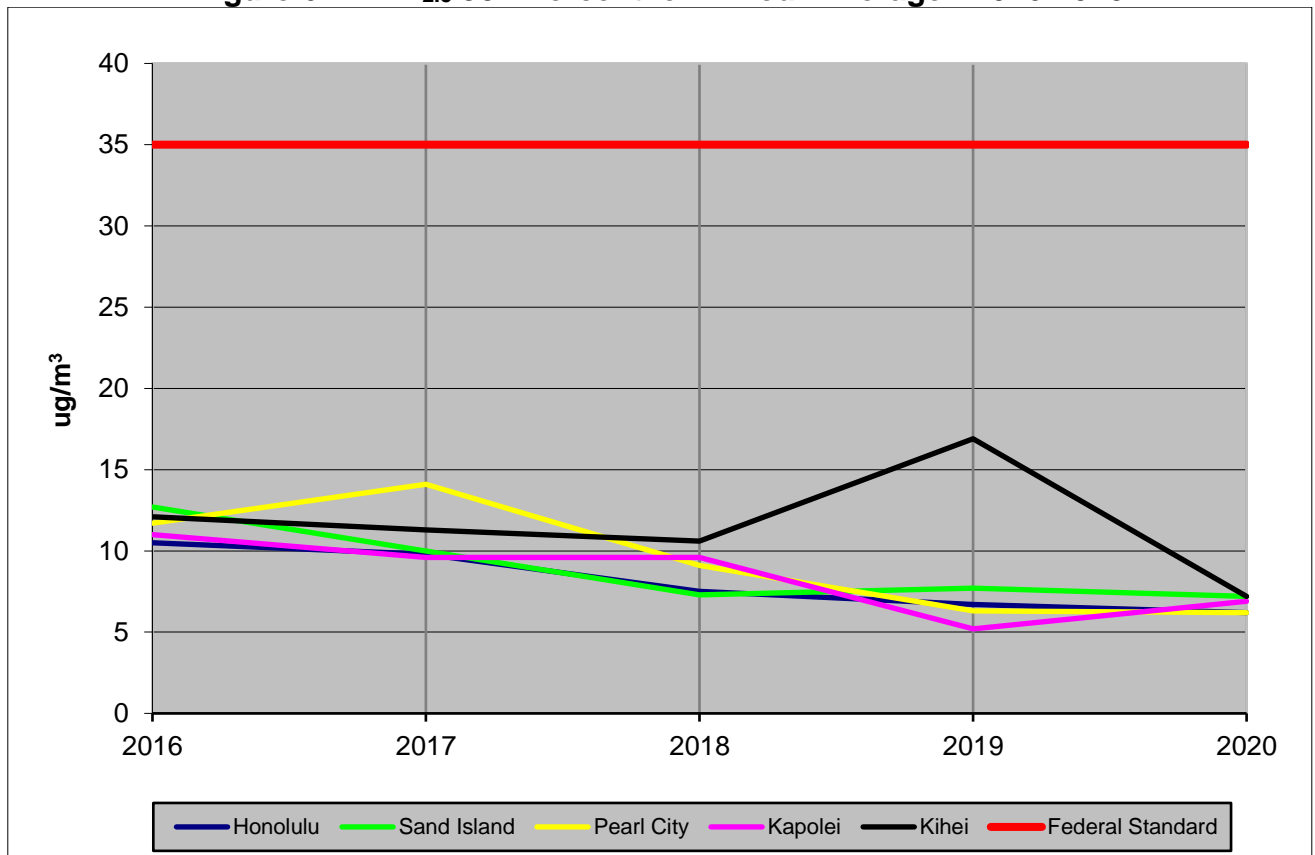
**Figure 6-2. PM<sub>10</sub> Maximum 24-Hour Average: 2016-2020**



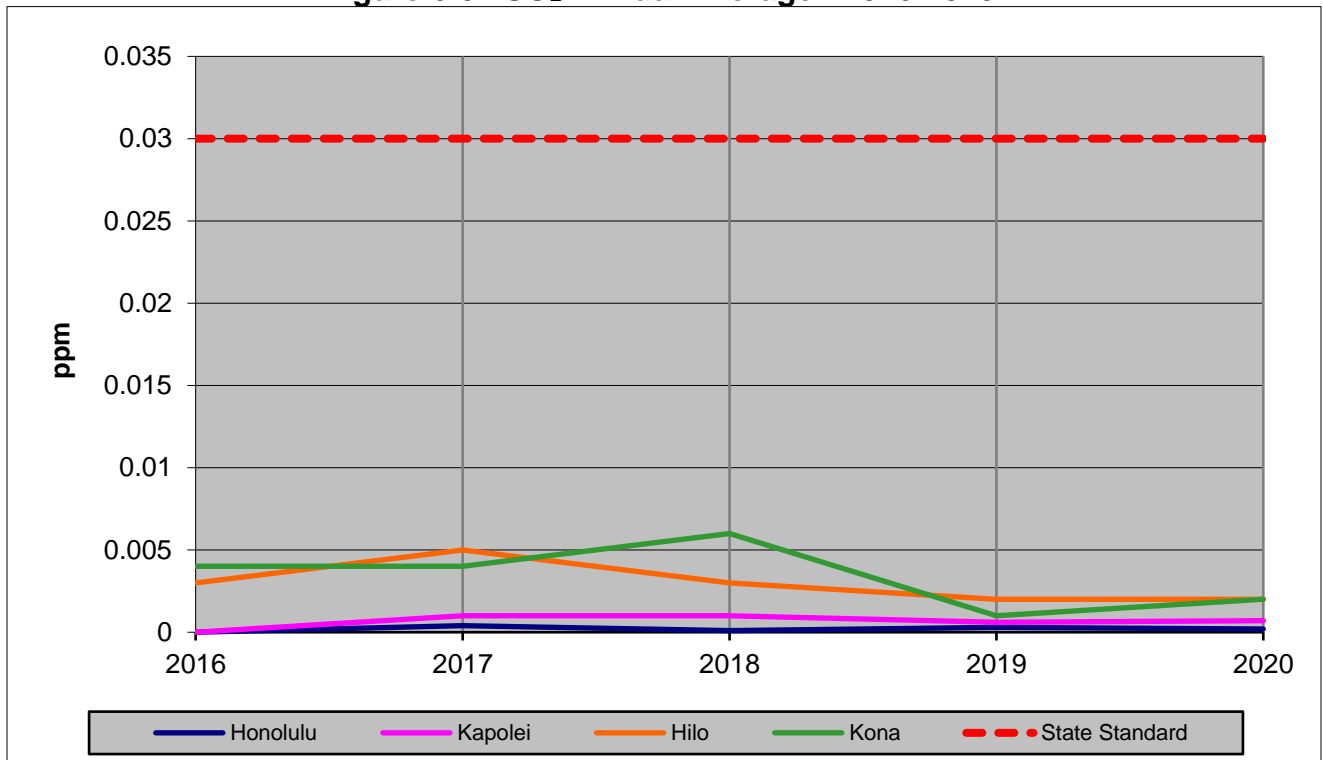
**Figure 6-3. PM<sub>2.5</sub> Annual Average: 2016-2020**



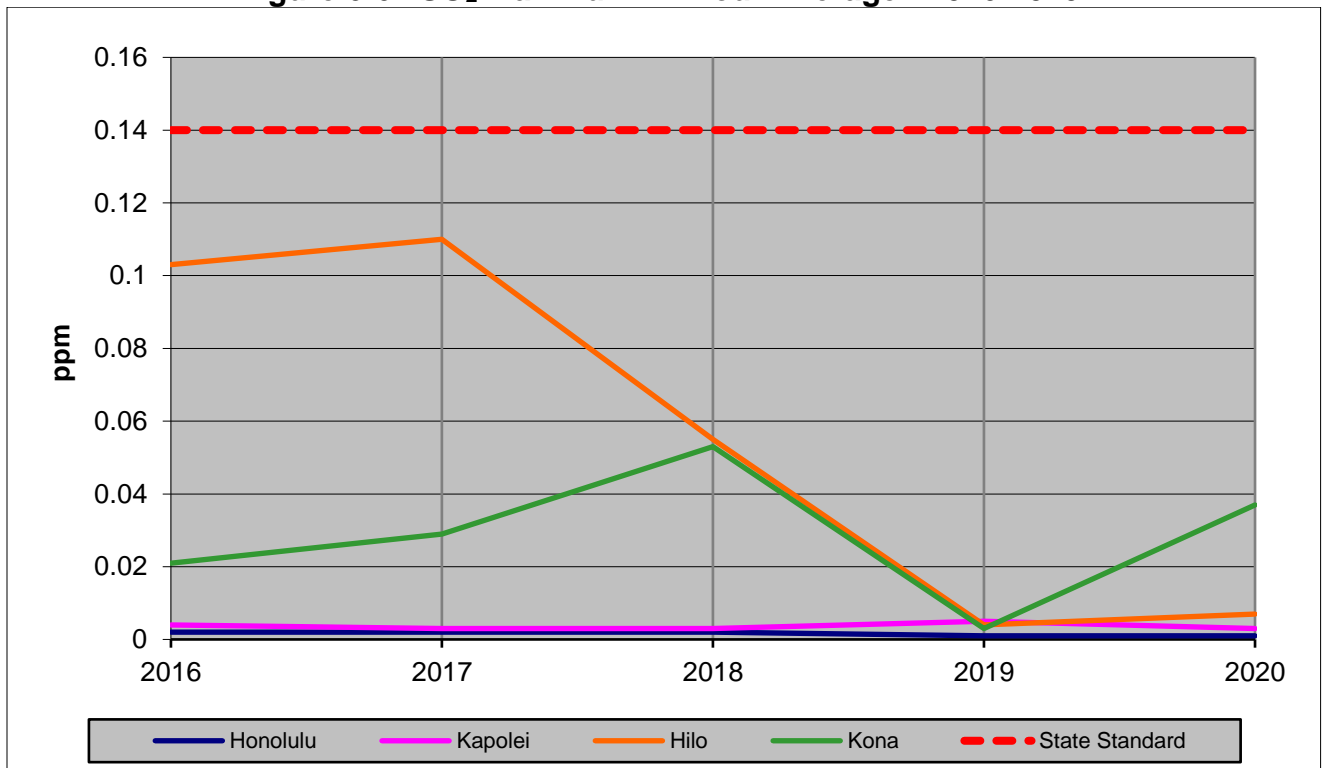
**Figure 6-4. PM<sub>2.5</sub> 98<sup>th</sup> Percentile 24-Hour Average: 2016-2020**



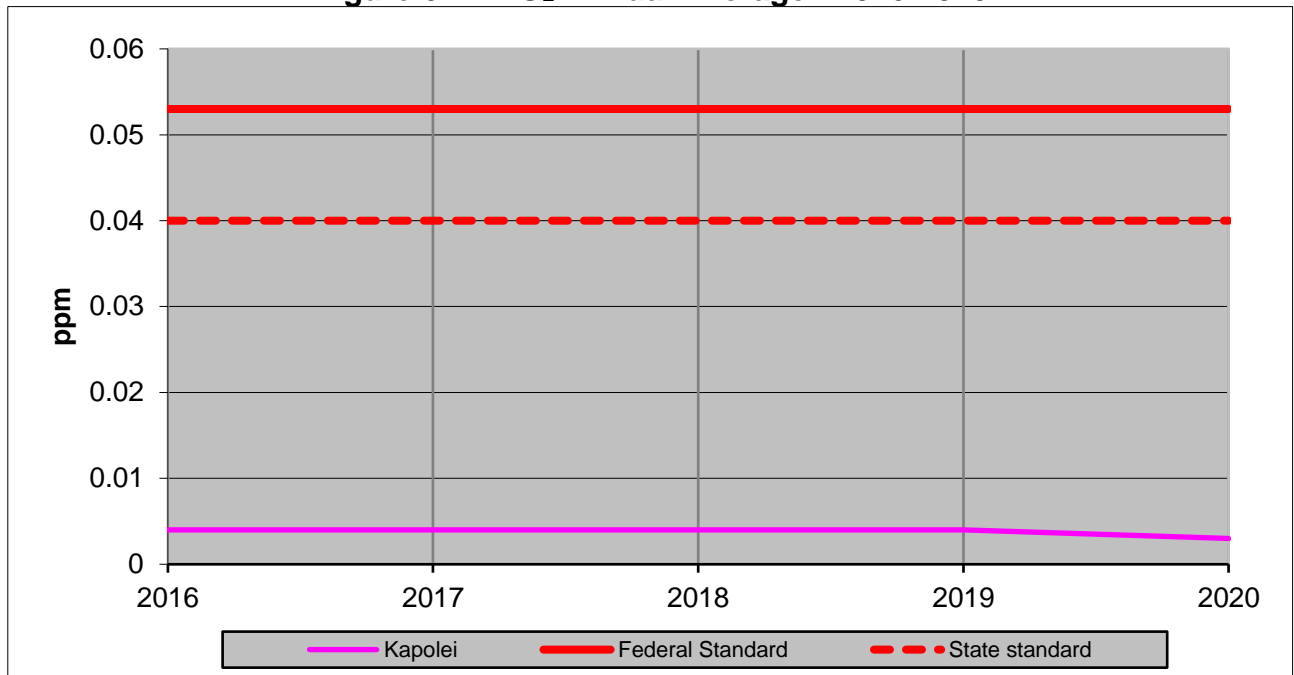
**Figure 6-5. SO<sub>2</sub> Annual Average: 2016-2020**



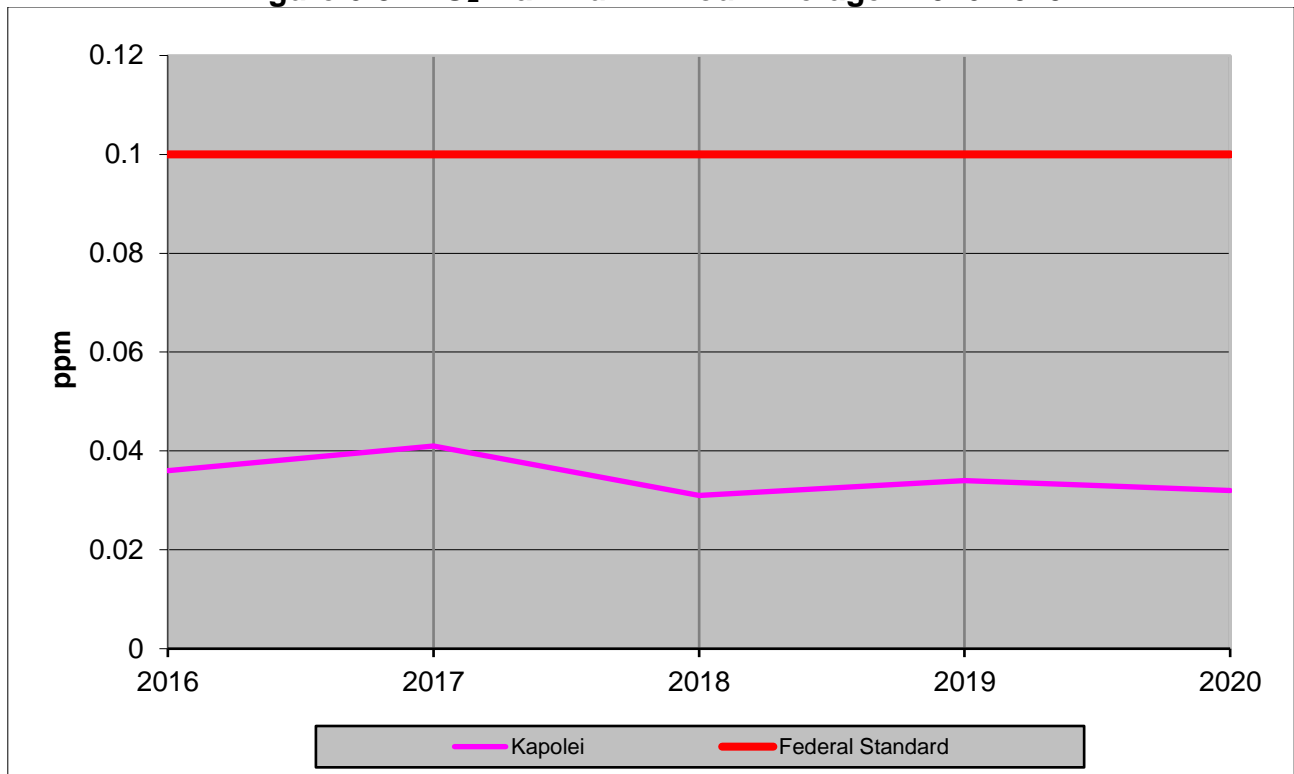
**Figure 6-6. SO<sub>2</sub> Maximum 24-Hour Average: 2016-2020**



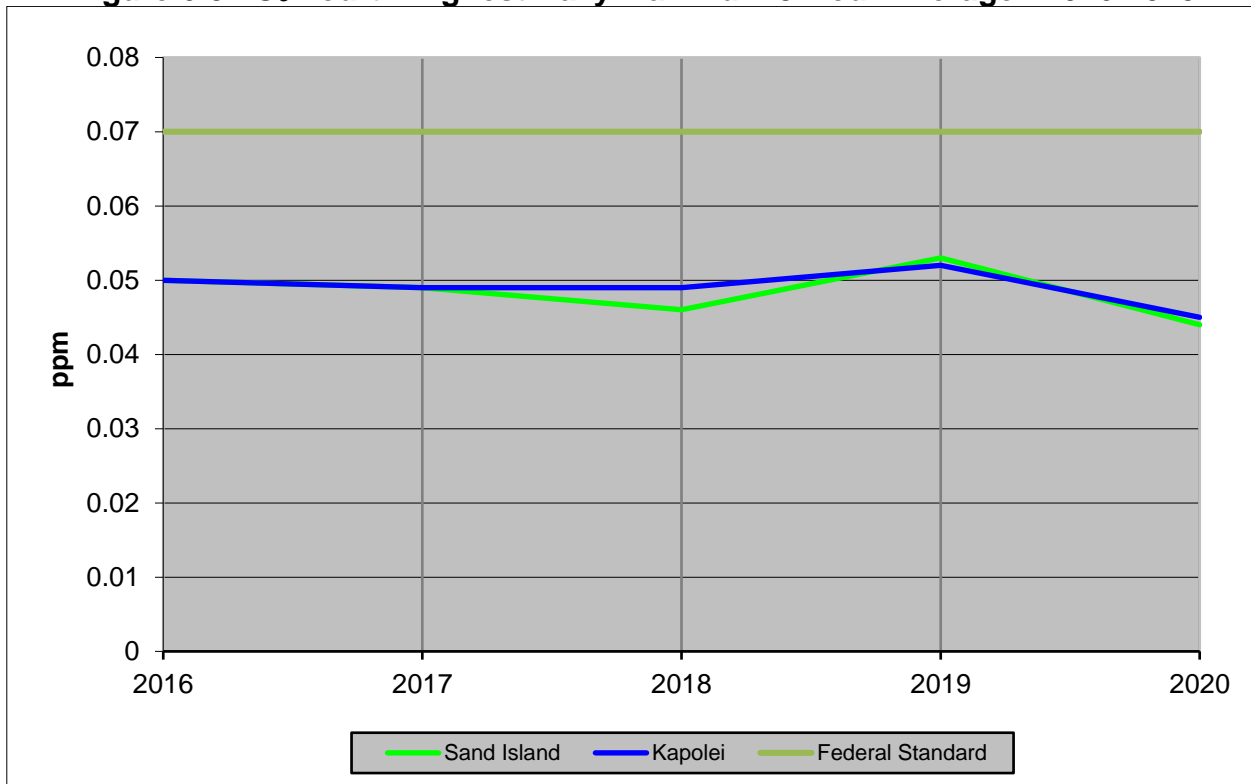
**Figure 6-7. NO<sub>2</sub> Annual Average: 2016-2020**



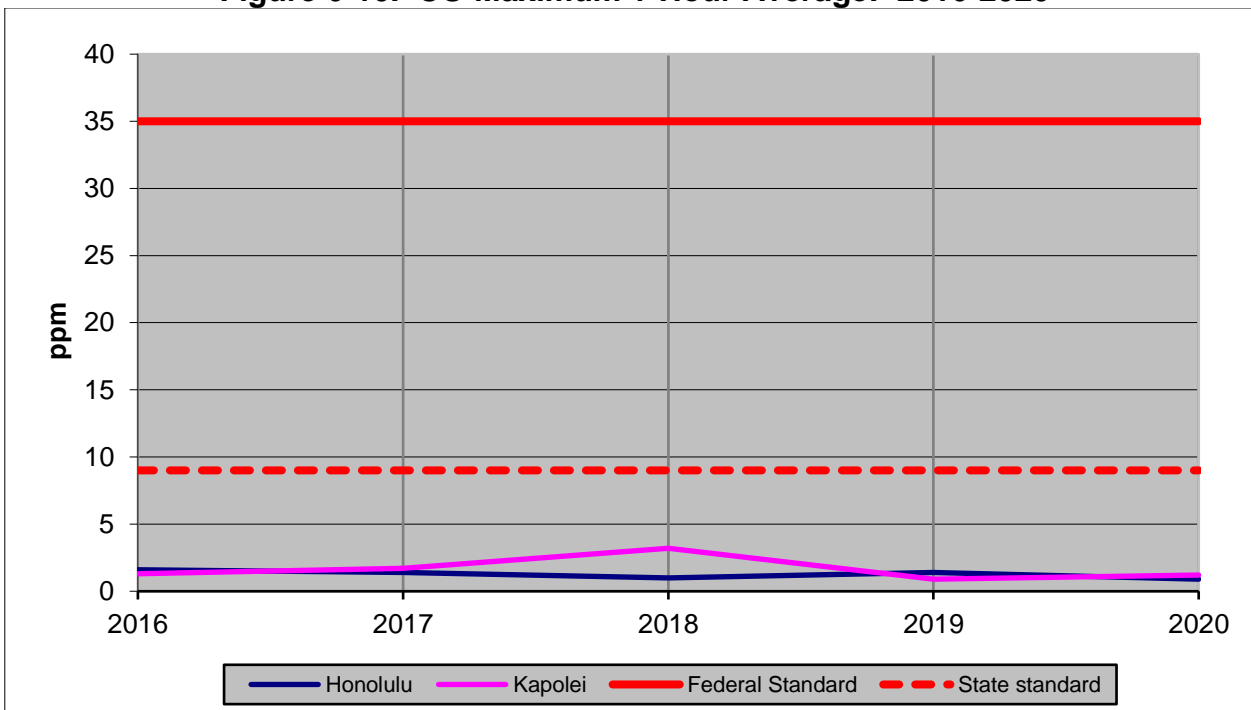
**Figure 6-8. NO<sub>2</sub> Maximum 1-Hour Average: 2016-2020**



**Figure 6-9. O<sub>3</sub> Fourth Highest Daily Maximum 8-Hour Average: 2016-2020**



**Figure 6-10. CO Maximum 1-Hour Average: 2016-2020**



**Figure 6-11. CO Maximum 8-Hour Average: 2016-2020**

